

Annual Report Card

SFY 2006
(July 2005 – June 2006)

**Arkansas Department of Health
and Human Services
Division of Children and Family Services
Quality Assurance Unit**

Hornby Zeller Associates, Inc.

December 2006

A

R

C

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Executive Summary	i
Part I: Performance Indicators	1
Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment Three Months, Six Months and One Year after a Previous True Report.....	2
Percentage of Foster Families with True Cases Reports of Maltreatment.....	3
Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Services	4
Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who Entered Care within One Year of Initiation of Services	5
Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Returned Home within Eighteen Months.....	6
Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced more than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care.....	7
Percentage of Siblings in Foster Care who are Placed Together.....	8
Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of Termination of Parental Rights.....	9
Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Adoptions were Finalized within Twelve Months of Entering Placement	10
Part II: Compliance Index	11
Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments.....	12
Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments	13
24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings.....	14
Comprehensive Health Assessments	15
Foster Home Recruitment	16
Foster Home Re-evaluations.....	16
Required Visits Made by Worker.....	17
Part III: Description of Population and Services	18
Section I: True Child Maltreatment Reports	19
Child Maltreatment Assessments.....	19
Characteristics of Children in True Maltreatment Reports.....	20
Children Involved in Allegations of True Maltreatment Reports.....	22
Section II: Foster Care	23
Characteristics of Children in Foster Care.....	23
Entries into Foster Care	27
Exits from Foster Care	32
Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care.....	35
Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care	36

Number of Placements of Children in Foster Care	37
Current Placement of Children in Foster Care	38
Characteristics of Children in Relative Care.....	41
Section III: Adoption	45
Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year.....	45
Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year.....	47
Characteristics of Children whose Parents had their Parental Rights Terminated During the Year.....	49
Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year	51
Current Placement of Children Available for Adoption	53
Characteristics of Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes	54
Children not Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Parents had their Parental Rights Terminated	56
Special Needs	56
Subsidized Adoptions.....	59
Characteristics of Children who Receive Adoption Subsidies	59
Non-Foster Parent Adoptive Homes	61
APPENDICES.....	62

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Annual Report Card (ARC) is distributed to agency managers and to the legislative committees dealing with children and youth. The ARC for State Fiscal Year (SFY) 2006 consists of three parts:

1. **Performance Indicators**, which provide information on service outcomes, such as:
 - a. *Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment Three Months, Six Months and One Year After a Previous True Report*
 - b. *Percentage of Siblings in Placement who are Placed Together*
 - c. *Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of the Termination of Parental Rights*

2. **Compliance Index**, which reports on the Division's compliance with requirements set by DCFS with guidance from the Arkansas legislative children and youth committees, such as:
 - a. *Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments*
 - b. *24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings for Children Entering Foster Care*
 - c. *Foster Home Recruitment*

3. **Description of Population and Services**, which describes the children who were the subjects of maltreatment reports, served in foster care and/or provided adoption services, such as:
 - a. *Types of Allegations in Child Maltreatment Reports*
 - b. *Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care*
 - c. *Characteristics of Children Placed in Adoptive Homes*

The ARC provides this information on a yearly basis, showing trends over time. Descriptions of the client population at the various service stages are provided as well, so that the agency has information on populations and issues to target during efforts to improve performance.

Part I: Performance Indicators

The Division of Children and Family Services (DCFS) has established nine performance indicators to measure progress with regard to its major goals of child safety, permanency and well-being.

The Division improved in three areas regarding performance indicators this fiscal year:

- Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced More than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care

The percentage of children in foster care who experienced more than three placements within eighteen months of entering care was **13 percent**, two percentage points lower than the previous year (15%) which was a continuing drop from SFY 2003 (19%).

- Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

The percentage of foster families with true reports of maltreatment was **.60 percent**, lower than the previous year (1.42%).

- Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of Termination of Parental Rights

The percentage of children living with adoptive families within twelve months of termination of parental rights was **82 percent**, twenty-three percentage points higher than SFY 2005 (59%).

Part II: Compliance Index

DCFS has set compliance measures with guidance from the House Committee on Aging, Children and Youth, Legislative and Military Affairs and the Senate Interim Committee on Children and Youth. An index is compiled by reporting the level of compliance with these measures.

The Division improved in one area regarding compliance requirements this fiscal year:

- Foster Home Recruitment

The percentage of foster homes recruited increased to **111 percent**, thirty-eight percentage points higher than SFY 2005.

While the Division improved in one area, there were two other areas which resulted in a decline in compliance during SFY 2006, including:

- 24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings

The percentage of 24-hour Initial Health Screenings decreased to 81 percent, six percentage points lower than SFY 2005 (87%). The

percentage of 72-hour Initial Health Screenings decreased to 80 percent, five percentage points lower than SFY 2005 (85%). Both the 24-hour and 72-hour Initial Health Screening indicators were below the goal of 95 percent.

- Foster Home Re-evaluations

The percentage of foster home re-evaluations decreased to 95 percent, nearly five percentage points lower than SFY 2005 (99.8%).

Part III: Description of Population and Services

This section describes the number and status of maltreatment assessments, services provided, children who were subjects of maltreatment reports, children who were served in foster care and children who received adoption services.

There were no remarkable differences in population and services between SFY 2005 and SFY 2006. However, when trends were observed from SFY 2000 to SFY 2006, there were notable differences, including:

- Supportive Services, Protective Services and Foster Care

The combined number of supportive services, protective services and foster care cases increased by ten percent between SFY 2000 and SFY 2006.

- Foster Care Children by Age

While there was a slight increase in the number of foster children ages 0 to 5 years from last year, there was a **52 percent** increase from SFY 2000 (1,650 children) to SFY 2006 (2,513 children) in children served in this age group.

PART I: PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

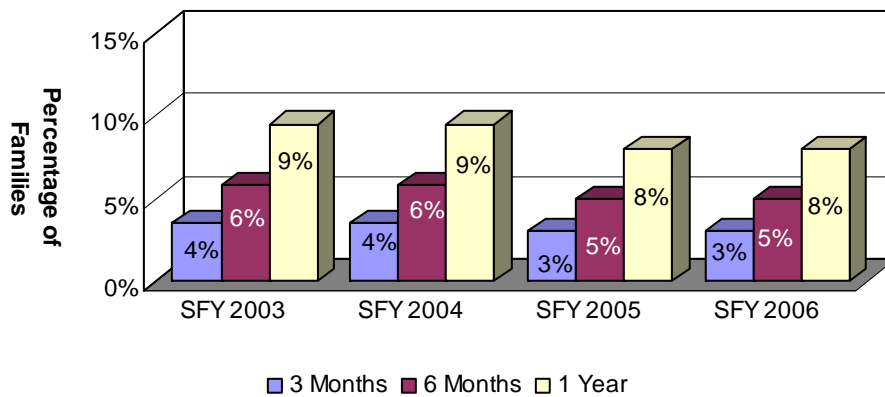
The Division has established nine performance measures to indicate levels of achievement of its major goals of child safety, family preservation and permanency:

- Percentage of families with true allegations of child maltreatment three months, six months and one year after a previous true report;
- Percentage of foster families with true reports of maltreatment;
- Percentage of children receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Service (IFS) who were abused or neglected within one year of the initiation of services;
- Percentage of children receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Service (IFS) who entered foster care within one year of the initiation of services;
- Percentage of children in foster care who returned home within 18 months;
- Percentage of children in foster care who have experienced more than three placements within eighteen months of entering care;
- Percentage of siblings in foster care who are placed together;
- Percentage of children living with adoptive families within 12 months of the termination of parental rights; and
- Number of children placed in pre-adoptive homes whose adoption were finalized within 12 months of entering a pre-adoptive placement.

Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment Three Months, Six Months and One Year after a Previous True Report

Of the 5,961 families who were involved in a true report of maltreatment between July 2004 and June 2005, 208 families (3%) experienced a repeat true allegation of maltreatment within three months of the initial report. Of those same 5,961 families, 305 (5%) were involved in a repeat true report within six months of the original report and 475 (8%) were involved in a repeat true report within 12 months of the first report¹. Percentages of repeat maltreatment for SFY 2005 were the same as those for SFY 2005.

Chart 1: Percentage of Families with True Allegations of Child Maltreatment within 3 Months, 6 Months and One Year after a Previous True Report

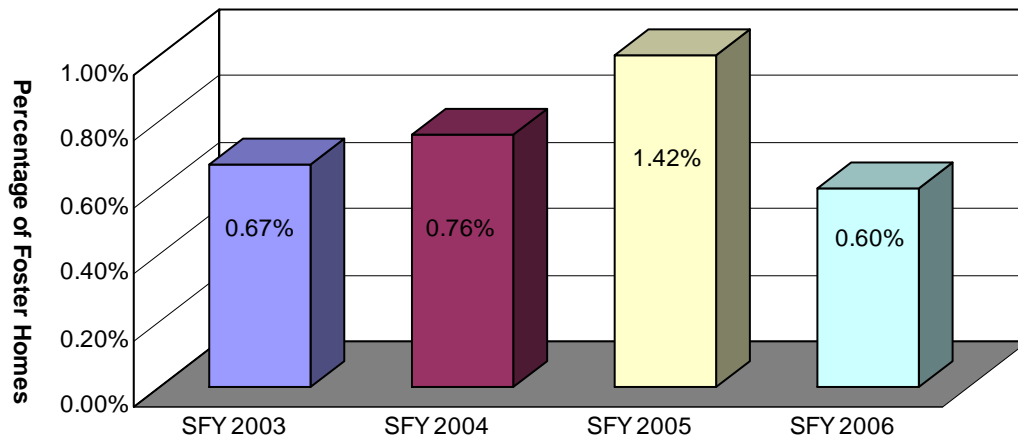


¹ Of the 475 repeat referrals within 12 months, 244 (51%) involved both the same type of abuse and the same perpetrator.

Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

There were 165 foster home maltreatment reports received during SFY 2006. Of those, 10 were found to be true. Based on the 1,665 open DCFS foster homes² during the year, the percentage of foster families with true reports of maltreatment was .60 percent. This is down .82 percentage points from SFY 2005 (1.42%).

Chart 2: Percentage of Foster Families with True Reports of Maltreatment

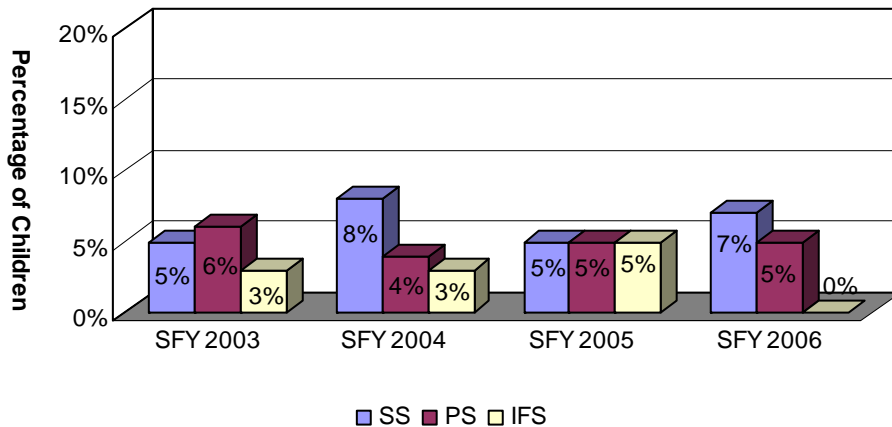


² This includes family and therapeutic foster homes.

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of the Initiation of Services

There were 925 children who began receiving supportive services (SS) between July 2004 and June 2005. Of those children, 61 (7%) were involved in a true maltreatment report within one year of initiation of services. There were 10,142 children who began receiving protective services (PS) during that same time period, and of those children, 467 (5%) experienced a true report of maltreatment within one year. Of the 71 children who began receiving intensive family services (IFS), no children were involved in a true report within a year of the initiation of services³. For supportive services, the percentage of children who were abused or neglected within one year of the initiation of services increased two percentage points, while the percentage for protective services remained the same and for IFS the percentage decreased from five percent to zero percent between SFY 2005 and SFY 2006.

Chart 3: Percentage of Children Receiving PS, SS or IFS Services who were Abused or Neglected within One Year of Initiation of Services

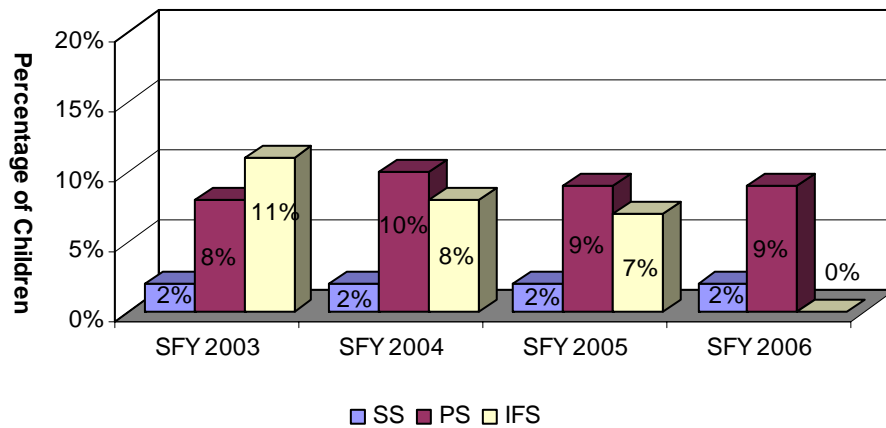


³ Generally, families who receive supportive services have less severe problems, while families receiving intensive family services are, by definition, in imminent risk of having one or more child(ren) placed in foster care or already have children in foster care. Protective services families fall somewhere between those two extremes.

Percentage of Children Receiving Supportive Services, Protective Services or Intensive Family Services who Entered Care within One Year of Initiation of Services

Of the 925 children who began receiving supportive services between July 2004 and June 2005, only 20 (2%) entered foster care within one year of initiation of those services. Of the 10,142 children who began receiving protective services during that same time period, 928 (9%) entered foster care within one year of initiation of services. None of the 71 children who began receiving intensive family services entered foster care within one year of receiving those services.

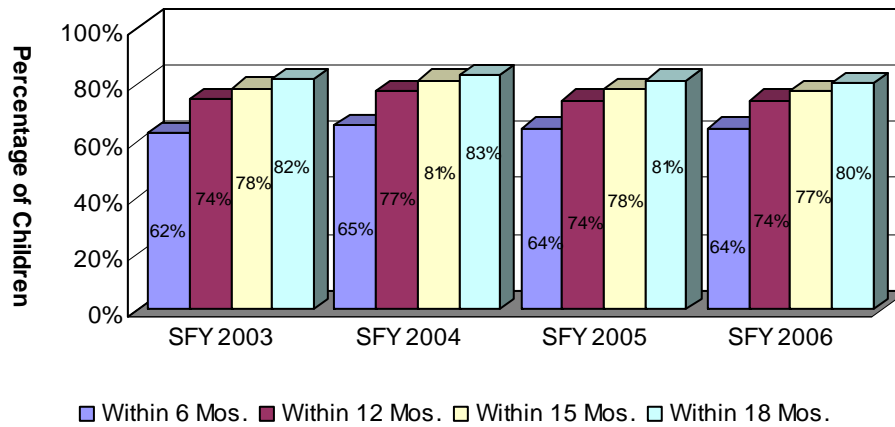
Chart 4: Percentage of Children Receiving SS, PS or IFS Services who Entered Foster Care within One Year of Initiation of Services



Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Returned Home within Eighteen Months

There were 3,387 children who entered foster care between January 2004 and December 2004. Of that number, 2,156 children (64%) returned home within six months, 2,510 children (74%) returned home within 12 months, 2,607 children (77%) returned home within 15 months and 2,712 children (80%) returned home within 18 months of entering foster care.

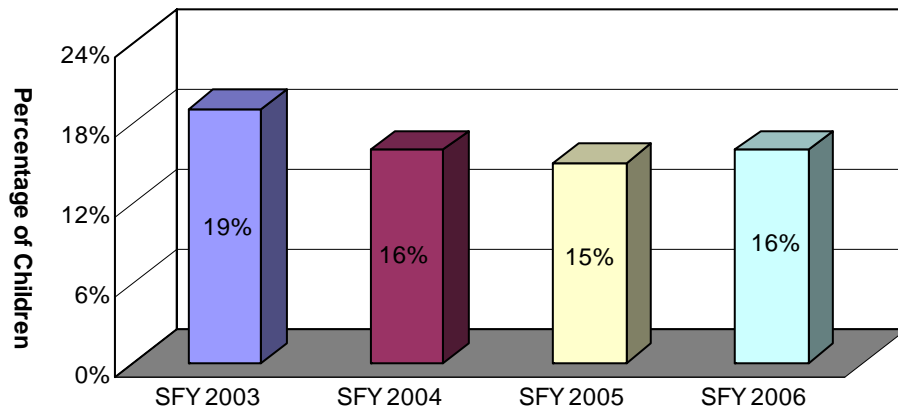
Chart 5: Percentage of Children Entering Foster Care who were Returned Home within Eighteen Months



Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced more than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care

Of those same 3,409 children who entered foster care between January 2004 and December 2004, 538 children (16%) experienced more than three placements within 18 months of entering care. This is one percentage point higher than SFY 2005.

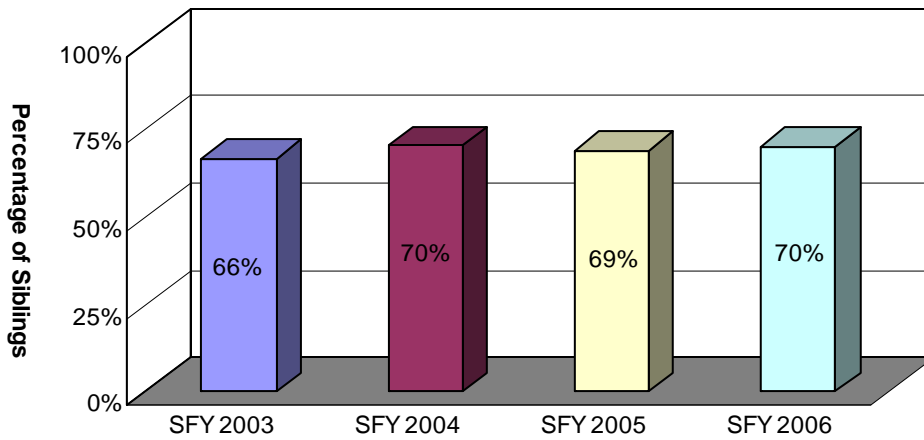
Chart 6: Percentage of Children in Foster Care who Experienced More than Three Placements within Eighteen Months of Entering Care



Percentage of Siblings in Foster Care who are Placed Together

At the end of SFY 2006, there were 1,804 children in foster care that also had siblings in foster care. Of those children, 1,271 were placed with at least one of their siblings (70%), while 657 (36%) were placed with all of their siblings. These figures do not exclude children who have been placed separately for valid reasons such as safety issues or court orders.

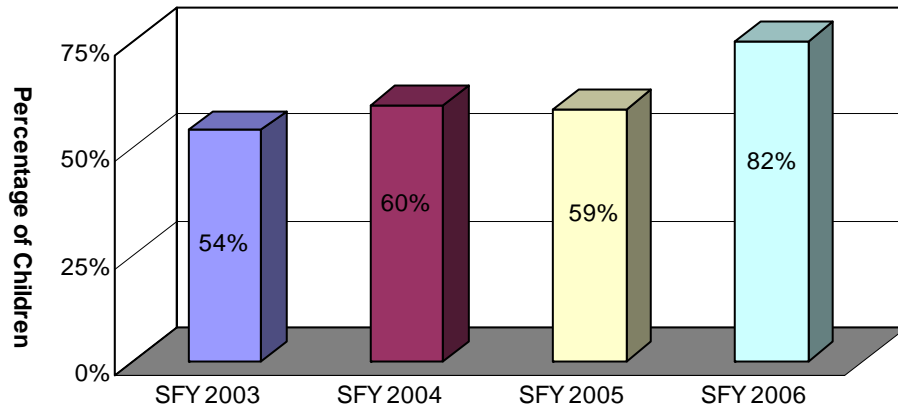
Chart 7: Percentage of Siblings in Care who are Placed Together



Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within Twelve Months of Termination of Parental Rights

There were 281 children with the goal of adoption whose parents also had their parental rights terminated between July 2004 and June 2005, this was six more children than SFY 2005 (275). Of those children, 230 (82%) were placed with an adoptive family within 12 months of the termination of parental rights, resulting in a 23 percentage point increase from SFY 2005 (59%).

Chart 8: Percentage of Children Living with Adoptive Families within 12 Months of Termination of Parental Rights



Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Adoptions were Finalized within Twelve Months of Entering Placement

There were 175 children who were placed in pre-adoptive homes between July 2004 and June 2005, an 18 percent decrease from the previous year (215). Of those, 96 children or 55 percent had finalized adoptions within 12 months of being placed in their pre-adoptive home.

Of the children who were placed in a pre-adoptive home during SFY 2006, 21 (12%) experienced a disruption. Disruptions decreased by eight percentage points between SFY 2005 and SFY 2006. A disruption occurs when a child has been placed in a pre-adoptive home and the family or the child has decided not to proceed with the adoption and the child leaves the pre-adoptive home.

Of the 175 children placed in pre-adoptive homes, the adoption was still pending finalization 12 months after the placement for 73 children.

Table 1: Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes during SFY 2006 whose Adoptions were Finalized within 12 Months of Entering Placement

Status	SFY 2005		SFY 2006	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Finalized Adoption	122	57%	96	55%
Disrupted Adoptive Placements	44	20%	21	12%
Children with a Disruption who were Replaced in a Pre-adoptive Home	36	17%	15	9%
Still Pending at the End of the Year	85	40%	73	42%

PART II: COMPLIANCE INDEX

The Division has set compliance measures with guidance from the Joint Interim Committee on Children and Youth. An index is compiled by reporting the level of compliance with these measures.

Goal Compliance Measure

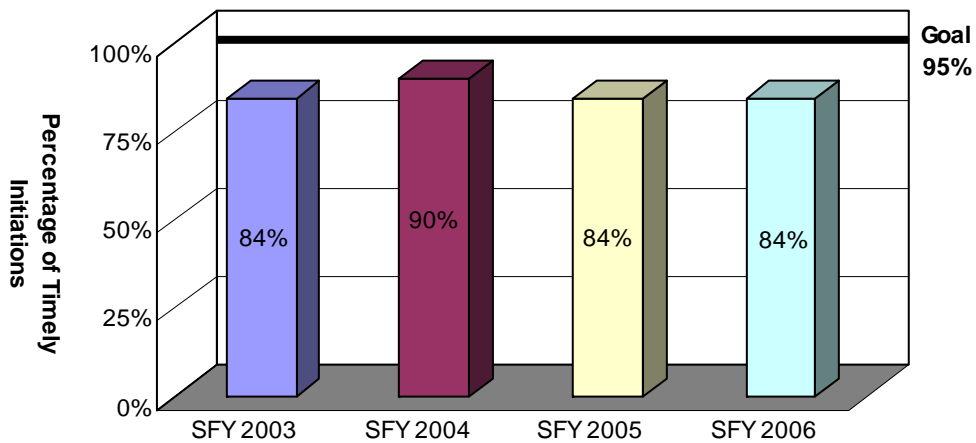
- 95%** ***Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments.*** The investigator interviews or observes the victim child outside the presence of the alleged offender within 24 hours of any alleged severe maltreatment or within 72 hours otherwise.
- 90%** ***Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments.*** A determination must be made regarding an allegation of child maltreatment within 30 days of receipt of the allegation.
- 95%** ***24-Hour Initial Health Screenings.*** The screening is conducted within 24 hours after removal from the home on children who enter foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment, or if there is evidence of acute illness or injury.
- 95%** ***72-Hour Initial Health Screenings.*** This screening is conducted within 72 hours after removal from the home on all children who enter foster care who are not subject to the 24 hour screening.
- 95%** ***Comprehensive Health Assessments.*** Within 60 days of a child's entering foster care, an evaluation of their physical and mental health status must be completed.
- 320 Homes** ***Foster Home Recruitment.*** DCFS must ensure a sufficient number and variety of foster homes are available which meet minimal standards and match the needs and characteristics of foster children.
- 95%** ***Foster Home Re-evaluations.*** DCFS must re-evaluate, at least annually, each foster home's ability to care for children.
- 85%** ***Required Visits Made by Worker.*** DCFS must provide data on the percentages of required weekly visits made by DCFS workers to children in foster care.

Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments

There were 25,178 referrals for child maltreatment assessments during SFY 2006. Of that number, 19,123 (76%) referrals were assigned to DCFS for investigation. Of those referrals assigned to DCFS, 16,009 assessments were initiated within the required period. This resulted in a compliance rate of 84 percent, which was the same as SFY 2005.

The Crimes Against Children Division (CACD) of the Arkansas State Police was responsible for handling the remaining child abuse referrals. CACD was responsible for 5,846 Priority I referrals and 209 Priority II referrals during SFY 2006. Of the Priority I referrals, 5,788 (99%) were initiated in a timely manner. Of the Priority II referrals, 202 (97%) were initiated in a timely manner.

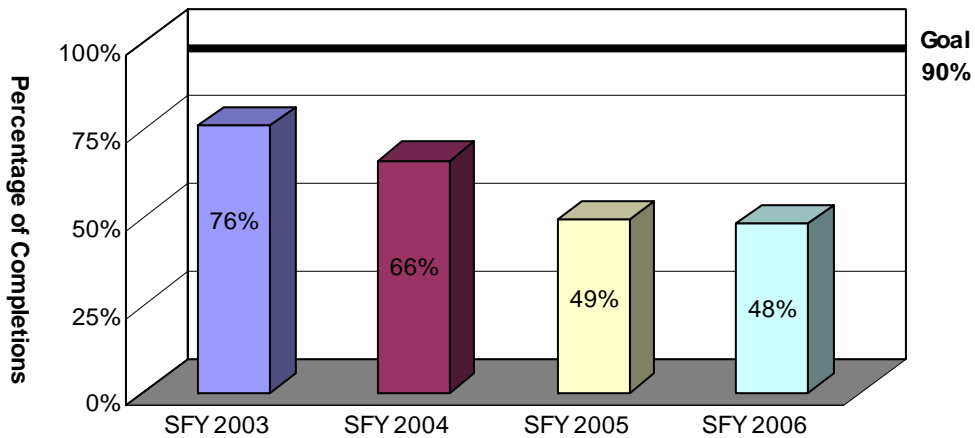
Chart 9: Timely Initiation of Child Maltreatment Assessments



Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments

Of the 19,123 assessments initiated by DCFS, 9,120 were completed within the required 30-day period. This resulted in a compliance rate of 48 percent, a small decrease from SFY 2005 and below the goal of 90 percent.

Chart 10: Timely Completion of Child Maltreatment Assessments

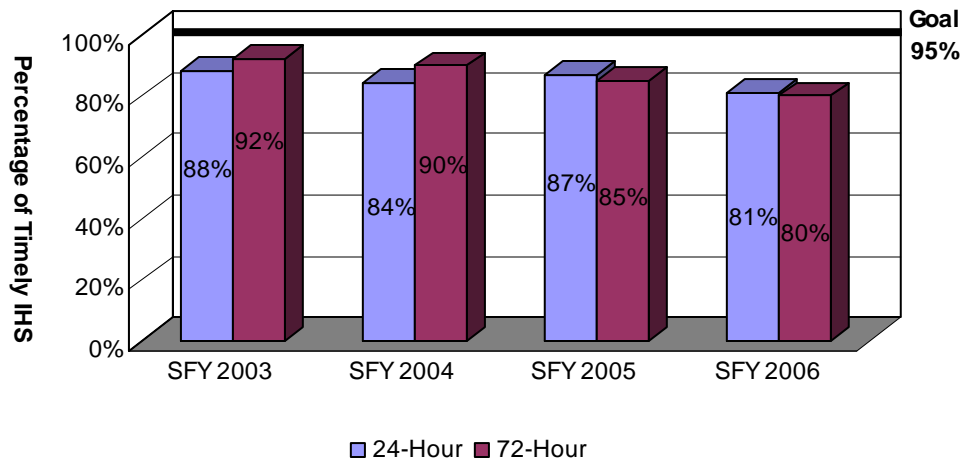


24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings

If a child enters foster care due to an allegation of severe maltreatment or if there is evidence of acute illness or injury, an initial health screening must be conducted within 24 hours of the child’s removal from the home. Of the 463 children who required the 24-hour health screening during SFY 2006, 374 (81%) received the screening in a timely manner. The compliance rate was six percentage points lower than what it was for SFY 2005 and below the goal of 95 percent.

All children entering foster care that do not require the initial 24-hour health screening must undergo an initial health screening within 72 hours of their removal. Of the 3,070 children who required their health screening within 72 hours, 2,458 (80%) received their screenings in a timely manner, five percentage points lower than SFY 2005 and below the goal of 95 percent.

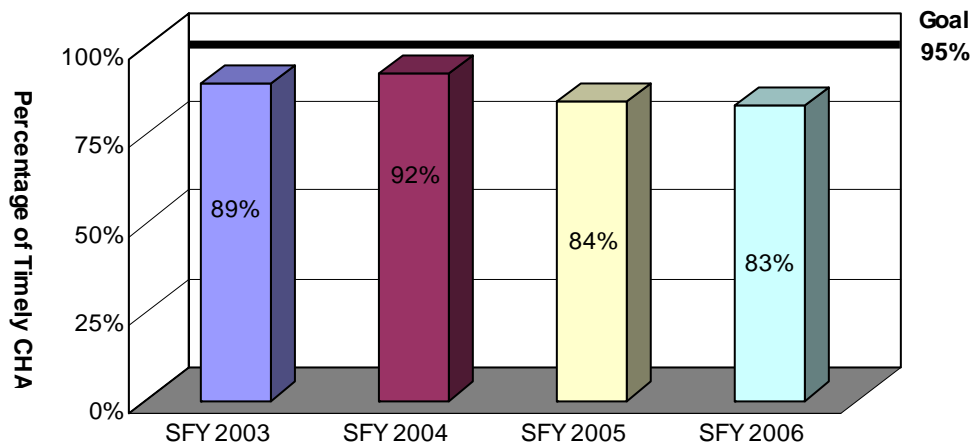
Chart 11: 24- and 72-Hour Initial Health Screenings



Comprehensive Health Assessments

All children who enter foster care must receive a comprehensive health assessment to evaluate their physical and mental health status within 60 days of entering foster care. There were 1,266 children who entered foster care between May 2005 and April 2006 and who remained in care for at least 60 days. Of those children, 1,044 received their comprehensive health assessment within 60 days of entering care. The resulting compliance rate was 83 percent, which was a decrease of one percentage point from SFY 2005 and still below the goal of 95 percent.

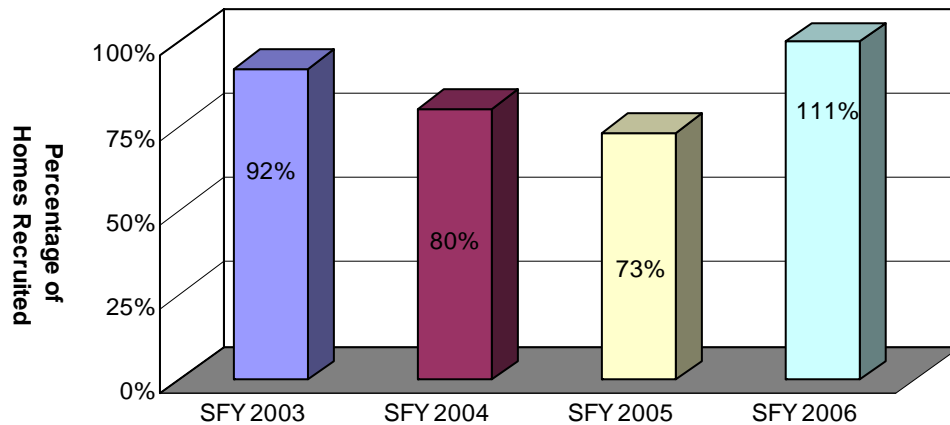
Chart 12: Comprehensive Health Assessments



Foster Home Recruitment

There were 354 new foster homes recruited during SFY 2006. This was 34 more than the goal of 320 homes for the state fiscal year. This number resulted in a compliance rate of 111 percent, thirty-eight percentage points higher than SFY 2005. This is the highest compliance rate in three years.

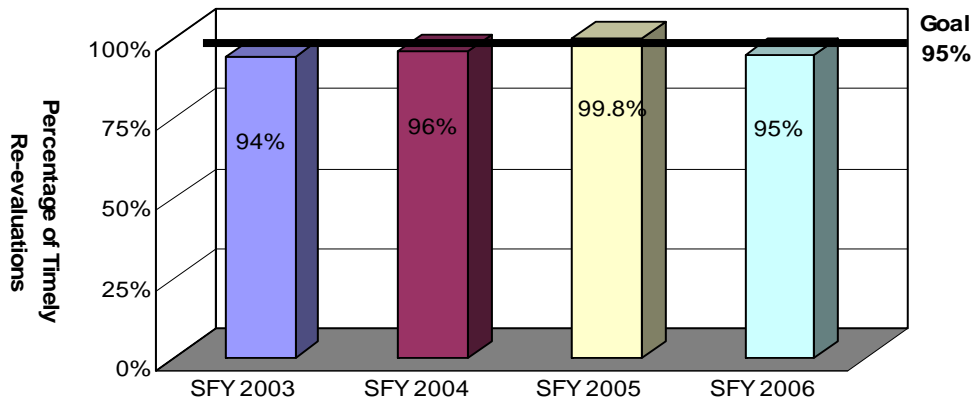
Chart 13: Foster Home Recruitment



Foster Home Re-evaluations

On an annual basis, at a minimum, DCFS is required to re-evaluate each foster home's ability to care for children. Of the 941 DCFS foster homes that were active at the end of the year, 890 had a currently completed re-evaluation. The resulting compliance rate was 95 percent, a four percentage point decrease from SFY 2005 and just at the goal of 95 percent compliance.

Chart 14: Foster Home Re-evaluations

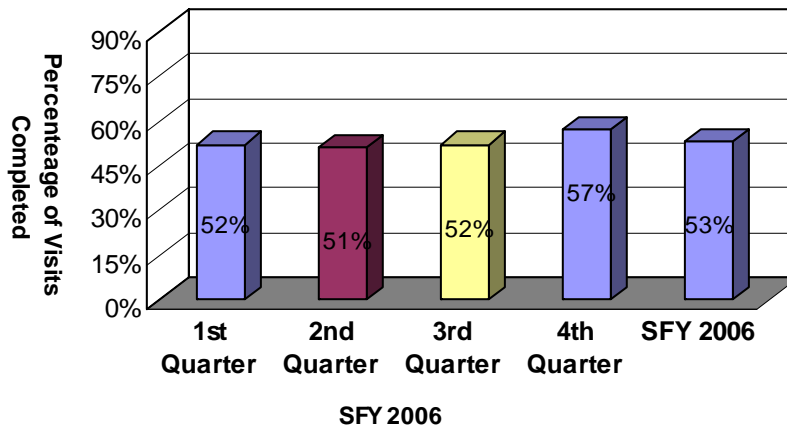


Required Visits Made by Worker

DCFS acknowledges the importance of worker contact with children in foster care and believes that these visits should be in the home as often as possible. However, DCFS also recognizes that face-to-face visits in other locations can also meet good practice objectives. Consequently, the measurement of required monthly visits with children in care considers face-to-face visits in any setting as compliant.

During SFY 2006, the percentage of children who received a visit during the year averaged 53 percent from July 2005 to June 2006.

Chart 15: Required Foster Care Monthly Visits Made by Worker



PART III: DESCRIPTION OF POPULATION AND SERVICES

This section describes the number and status of maltreatment assessments, children who were served in foster care and children who were provided adoption services.

Section I outlines the characteristics of children, such as age, gender and ethnicity, in true maltreatment reports. Additionally, this section describes the types of allegations in maltreatment reports.

Section II describes the foster care population, specifically the characteristics of children in foster care, entries and exits of children in foster care, reasons children came into care, lengths of stay for children in foster care and in relative care, placements of children in foster care and the number of placements children experience while in care.

Section III focuses on adoption data such as the characteristics of children available for adoption, current placement of those children, characteristics of children placed in adoptive homes, children whose parents have had their parental rights terminated but have not been placed in an adoptive home, finalized adoptions and adoption subsidies.

APPENDIX F provides an area and county breakdown for Foster Care, Protective Service and Supportive Service cases.

Part III: Description of Population and Services
Section I: True Child Maltreatment Reports

Child Maltreatment Assessments

There were 25,178 maltreatment assessments received during SFY 2006, a seven percent increase from SFY 2005 (23,433). Of those, 6,277 reports (25%) were found to be true, one percentage point below the national percentage (25.7%)⁴. There were 8,895 victim children involved in the 6,277 true reports during SFY 2006. (See APPENDIX A for area and county breakdown).

Table 2: Child Maltreatment Assessments

	Total Assessments	True Assessments	Percent True
SFY 2006	25,178	6,277	25%
SFY 2005	23,433	5,678	24%
SFY 2004	20,536	5,515	27%

⁴ Source: Child Maltreatment 2004, Reports from the States to the National Child Abuse and Neglect Data System, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Administration for Children and Families, Administration on Children, Youth and Families, Children’s Bureau.

Characteristics of Children in True Maltreatment Reports

As indicated above, there were 8,895 victim children involved in true reports during SFY 2006. This number represented a 10 percent increase from SFY 2005 (8,069 children)⁵.

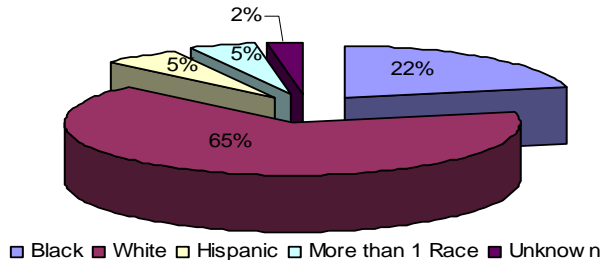
Table 3: Characteristics of Children in True Maltreatment Reports SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	282	124	1	0	1	20	25	453
	Male	317	123	1	0	0	34	36	511
2 to 5	Female	645	205	1	0	1	69	61	982
	Male	647	222	2	0	1	56	59	987
6 to 11	Female	1,031	289	0	3	2	88	75	1,488
	Male	831	337	3	3	0	74	62	1,310
12 to 15	Female	907	284	3	2	0	67	41	1,304
	Male	472	141	1	1	0	23	28	666
16 to 18	Female	448	146	3	0	0	38	20	655
	Male	218	58	1	0	0	15	20	312
18+	Female	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
	Male	5	1	0	0	0	0	0	6
Total*		5,806	1,930	16	9	5	484	427	8,677

*Demographic information was not entered into CHRIS for 218 children.

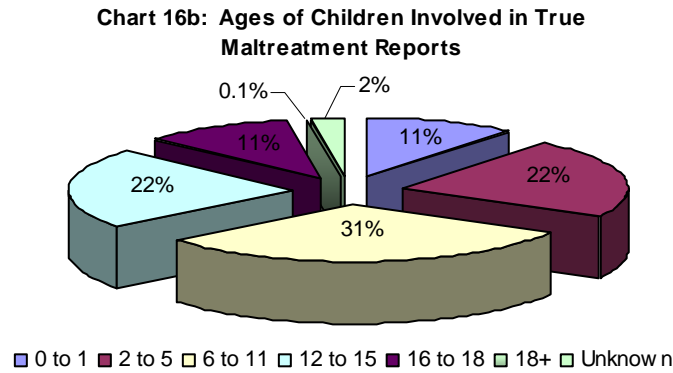
The chart below shows that 65 percent of the children involved in true maltreatment reports were white, while 22 percent of the children were black and five percent were Hispanic. The number of white children decreased by four percentage points, while the number of black children increased by three percentage points from SFY 2005.

Chart 16a: Ethnicity of Children in True Maltreatment Reports

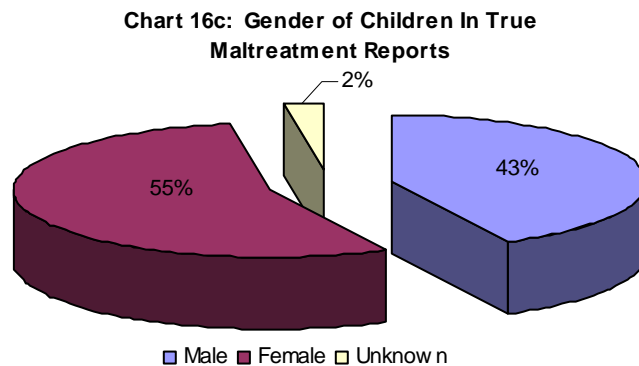


⁵ The table above, and each subsequent demographic table, divides counts of children by race and ethnicity, into the following categories: “Hispanic,” “More than One Race,” “Asian” (includes Indonesian, Cambodian, Hmong and Vietnamese), “AIAN” (includes Native American, Alaskan Native and American Indian) and “NAPI” (includes Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islanders).

The following chart shows that children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the highest number of children involved in the 6,277 true reports during SFY 2006 (31%). These percentages are similar to the ones from SFY 2005.



Fifty-five percent of the children involved in true reports were female, while 43 percent were male. These are the same percentages from the end of SFY 2005.



Children Involved in Allegations of True Maltreatment Reports

The majority of the 8,895 children in true maltreatment reports were involved in neglect allegations (66%) during SFY 2006, followed by sexual abuse allegations (28%) and then physical abuse allegations (23%)⁶.

Table 4: Percentage of Children Involved in True Allegations of Maltreatment SFY 2006

	SFY 2005		SFY 2006	
Neglect	5,240	65%	5,831	66%
Physical Abuse	1,873	23%	2,069	23%
Sexual Abuse	2,307	28%	2,461	28%

⁶ The total number represented will outnumber the total children involved in true maltreatment reports because a child can be involved in more than one allegation.

**Part III: Description of Population and Services
Section II: Foster Care**

Characteristics of Children in Foster Care

There were 6,835 children in foster care during SFY 2006, an increase from SFY 2005 (6,399 children). This includes children who remained in care from the previous year as well as children who came into care during SFY 2006. (See APPENDICES B, C and D for an area and county breakdown of demographic information.) The table below describes the characteristics of children in foster care during the most recent state fiscal year.

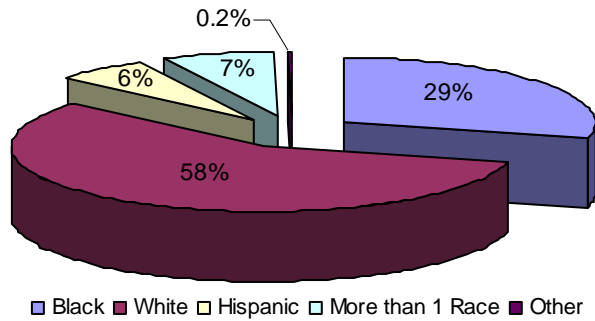
**Table 5: Characteristics of Children in Foster Care During the Year
SFY 2006**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	His-panic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	<i>Female</i>	249	127	2	0	1	26	29	434
	<i>Male</i>	282	126	1	1	1	44	26	485
2 to 5	<i>Female</i>	438	225	1	0	0	60	59	786
	<i>Male</i>	472	197	1	2	0	64	68	808
6 to 11	<i>Female</i>	507	229	0	0	0	44	68	852
	<i>Male</i>	545	258	1	1	0	50	64	922
12 to 15	<i>Female</i>	426	215	0	1	0	32	46	722
	<i>Male</i>	353	204	0	1	0	26	52	638
16 to 18	<i>Female</i>	287	143	1	0	0	20	32	484
	<i>Male</i>	205	116	1	0	0	14	25	361
18+	<i>Female</i>	101	58	0	0	0	3	14	179
	<i>Male</i>	71	47	1	0	0	4	15	138
Total*		3,936	1,945	9	6	2	387	498	6,809

*Demographic information had not been entered into CHRIS for 26 children.

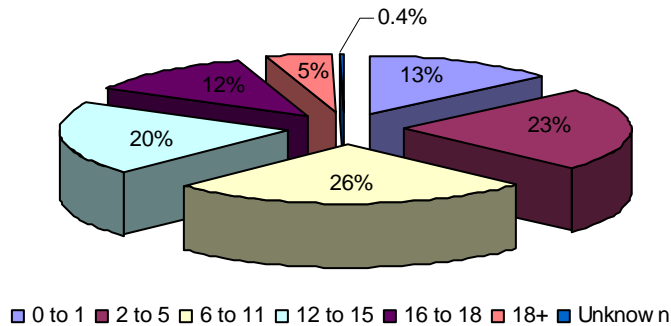
The chart below shows that 58 percent of the children in foster care during the state fiscal year were white, while 29 percent of the children were black. National data reveals that only 37 percent of the children in the national foster care system were white, while 38 percent of the children were black⁷.

17a: Ethnicity of Children in Care During the Year



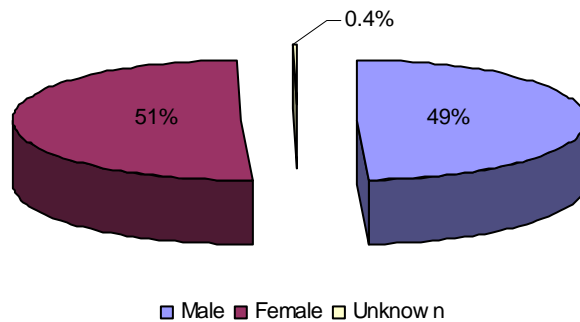
The following chart shows that children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the highest percentage of children who were in care during the year (26%).

17b: Ages of Children in Care During the Year



The following chart shows the gender of the children in foster care during the year. Fifty-one percent of the children were female, while 49 percent were male.

17c: Gender of Children in Care During the Year



⁷ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) data submitted for children in foster care between 10/01/2002 and 9/30/2003 as of April 2005.

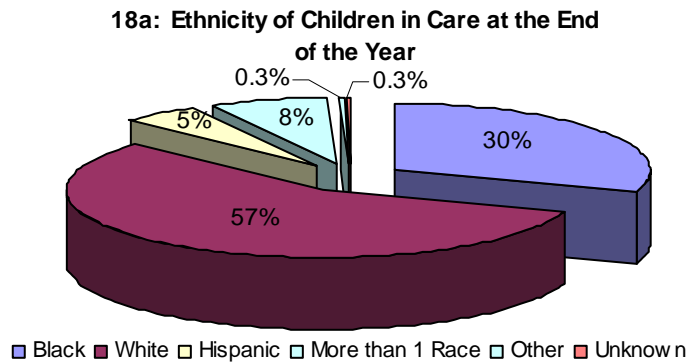
There were 3,444 children in foster care at the end of SFY 2006, a three percent increase from the 3,346 children in care at the end of SFY 2005. The following table outlines the characteristics of the children in foster care at the end of the latest state fiscal year.

Table 6: Characteristics of Children in Foster Care at the End of the Year SFY 2006

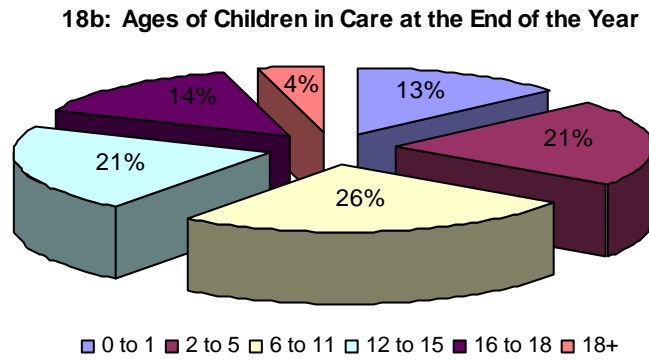
Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	131	62	2	0	0	11	15	221
	Male	131	72	0	1	0	17	12	233
2 to 5	Female	184	102	1	0	0	30	32	349
	Male	215	103	0	2	0	29	38	387
6 to 11	Female	238	119	0	0	0	23	29	409
	Male	273	143	0	1	0	24	30	471
12 to 15	Female	222	118	0	0	0	13	25	378
	Male	198	115	0	1	0	10	30	354
16 to 18	Female	156	82	1	0	0	3	24	266
	Male	127	76	0	0	0	9	14	226
18+	Female	42	30	0	0	0	0	6	78
	Male	29	23	1	0	0	2	6	61
Total*		1,946	1,045	5	5	0	171	261	3,433

*Demographic information had not been entered into CHRIS 11 children.

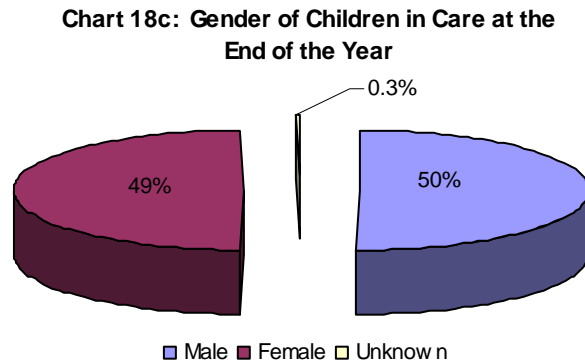
The chart below shows that 57 percent of the children in foster care at the end of the SFY 2006 were white, while 30 percent of the children were black. Demographics regarding the ethnicity of children who were in care during the year were similar to the ethnicity of children in care at the end of the year SFY 2005.



The following chart shows that children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the highest percentage of children in care at the end of the year. Children between the ages of 12 and 15 years old represented the second highest percentage of children who were in care at the end of the state fiscal year with 21 percent.



The following chart shows the gender of the children in foster care at the end of SFY 2006. These percentages are similar to the ones from the end of SFY 2005.



Entries into Foster Care

During SFY 2006, data showed that 3,869 children entered foster care. This represented a nine percent increase from the last fiscal year (3,562). The following table outlines the characteristics of children who entered foster care during SFY 2006.

Table 7: Characteristics of Children who Entered Foster Care During the Year SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	<i>Female</i>	213	112	2	0	1	21	23	372
	<i>Male</i>	228	116	1	1	1	42	20	409
2 to 5	<i>Female</i>	277	134	1	0	0	31	38	481
	<i>Male</i>	274	117	2	2	0	39	35	469
6 to 11	<i>Female</i>	276	152	0	0	0	24	30	482
	<i>Male</i>	285	156	0	1	0	23	24	489
12 to 15	<i>Female</i>	256	129	1	1	0	17	18	422
	<i>Male</i>	193	104	0	1	0	17	27	342
16 to 18	<i>Female</i>	147	68	0	0	0	14	16	245
	<i>Male</i>	81	33	1	0	0	8	14	137
Total*		2,230	1,121	8	6	2	236	245	3,848

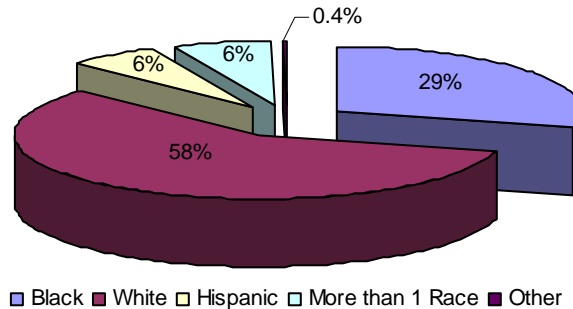
*Demographic information had not been entered into CHRIS for 21 children.

The chart on the following page shows that 58 percent of the children who entered foster care during the year were white, while 29 percent of the children were black. National data indicates that 40 percent of the children who entered care were white and 34 percent were black⁸.

⁸ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children for children in foster care between 10/01/2003 and 9/30/2004 as of June 2006.

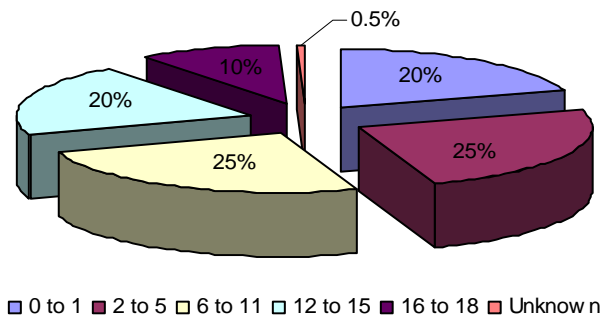
Hispanic children represented six percent of the children who entered foster care, while they represented 18 percent nationally⁹.

Chart 19a: Ethnicity of Children who Entered Care



The following chart shows that children between the ages of 6 to 11 and 2 to 5 represented the greatest percentage of children (25%) who entered foster care during SFY 2006.

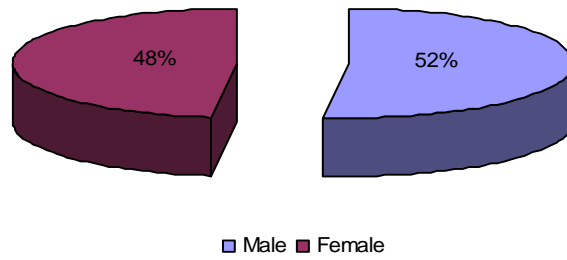
Chart 19b: Ages of Children who Entered Care



The following chart shows the gender of the children who entered foster care during SFY 2006. Fifty-two percent of the children were female and 48 percent were male. These percentages are similar to those in SFY 2005.

⁹ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/01/2003 and 9/30/2004 as of June 2006.

Chart 19c: Gender of Children who Entered Care

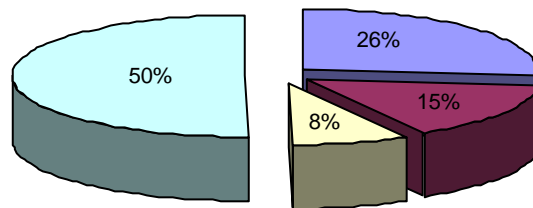


Neglect and substance abuse¹⁰ were the most prevalent reasons children entered foster care. The reasons for entry into foster care for the children who were in foster care during the year (Table 8) were very similar to those who were placed at the end of the year (Table 9).

Table 8: Reasons Children Placed in Foster Care by Age During the Year SFY 2006

	0 to 1	2 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 18	18+	Total
Neglect	601	899	1,011	591	172	1	3,275
Substance Abuse	439	433	504	376	132	2	1,886
Parent Incarceration	257	395	401	233	53	0	1,339
Physical Abuse	213	266	322	251	118	2	1,172
Child’s Behavior	3	28	129	373	195	3	731
Abandonment	79	107	141	154	93	0	574
Inadequate Housing	171	274	302	192	46	0	985
Caretaker Illness	145	196	219	236	113	1	910
Sexual Abuse	32	157	259	245	55	0	748
Truancy	7	30	62	114	58	0	271
Child’s Disability	16	10	26	18	3	0	73
Parent Death	6	8	20	21	9	0	64
Sex Offender	6	19	34	29	13	0	101
Relinquishment	8	3	6	11	5	0	33
Managed Mental Health	0	0	3	3	2	0	8
Teen Parent in Care	69	5	0	2	5	0	81
Other	9	10	47	28	12	0	106
Total	2,061	2,840	3,486	2,877	1,084	9	12,357

Chart 20: Most Prevalent Reasons Children Entered Care



■ Neglect ■ Substance Abuse ■ Inadequate Housing ■ All Other Reasons

¹⁰ Of the 1,886 instances where entry was attributed to substance abuse, substance abuse by parents (1,739 instances) accounted for the largest percentage (92%) as compared to substance abuse by children (8%).

**Table 9: Reasons Children in Foster Care at the End of the Year were Placed in Care
SFY 2006**

	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
Neglect	Female	479	243	1	0	0	54	70	847
	Male	532	243	0	2	2	48	55	880
Substance Abuse	Female	308	107	2	0	0	16	23	456
	Male	268	115	0	4	0	23	37	447
Parent Incarceration	Female	172	93	0	0	0	22	29	316
	Male	190	77	0	4	0	26	22	319
Physical Abuse	Female	136	88	0	0	0	9	24	257
	Male	163	81	0	0	0	19	16	279
Child's Behavior	Female	127	58	1	0	0	2	14	202
	Male	119	57	1	1	0	5	16	199
Abandonment	Female	72	55	0	0	0	5	6	138
	Male	71	71	0	0	0	6	10	158
Inadequate Housing	Female	128	69	0	0	0	25	23	245
	Male	175	81	0	0	0	11	24	291
Caretaker Illness	Female	151	44	0	0	0	10	22	227
	Male	128	72	0	2	0	9	17	228
Sexual abuse	Female	154	67	1	0	0	9	23	254
	Male	66	18	0	0	0	4	12	100
Truancy	Female	48	22	0	0	0	5	1	76
	Male	40	15	0	0	0	3	4	62
Child's Disability	Female	15	8	0	0	0	0	0	23
	Male	22	6	0	0	0	2	1	31
Parent Death	Female	9	4	0	0	0	2	3	18
	Male	7	6	0	0	0	0	6	19
Sex Offender	Female	12	3	0	0	0	0	1	16
	Male	20	4	0	0	0	2	1	27
Relinquishment	Female	6	4	1	0	0	0	1	12
	Male	9	3	0	0	0	0	2	14
Managed Mental Health	Female	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Male	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	5
Adoption	Female	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
	Male	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Teen Parent in Care	Female	14	10	0	0	0	1	1	26
	Male	7	8	0	0	0	0	3	18
Other	Female	11	9	0	0	0	0	2	22
	Male	19	15	0	0	0	0	3	37
Total*		3,686	1,761	7	13	0	321	469	6,253

*There are more reasons for entry than children in care because a child may have more than one reason for entry.

Exits from Foster Care

There were 3,701 children who exited foster care during SFY 2006, a seven percent increase from SFY 2005 (3,437 children). The table below outlines the characteristics of the children who left foster care during SFY 2006.

Table 10: Characteristics of Children Exiting Foster Care During the Year SFY 2006

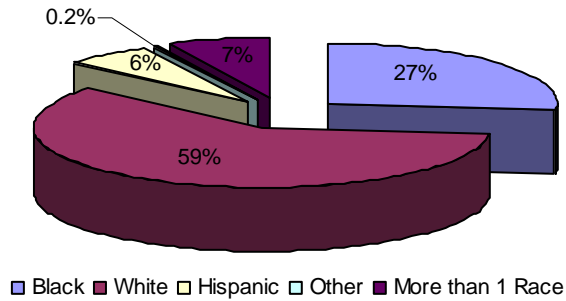
Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	<i>Female</i>	132	73	0	0	1	18	14	238
	<i>Male</i>	163	61	1	0	1	31	14	271
2 to 5	<i>Female</i>	272	128	0	0	0	32	30	462
	<i>Male</i>	289	100	1	0	0	36	32	458
6 to 11	<i>Female</i>	290	123	0	0	0	23	41	477
	<i>Male</i>	298	124	1	0	0	26	37	486
12 to 15	<i>Female</i>	222	109	0	1	0	21	24	377
	<i>Male</i>	170	97	0	0	0	16	25	308
16 to 18	<i>Female</i>	216	95	0	0	0	21	25	357
	<i>Male</i>	123	64	1	0	0	9	22	219
18+	<i>Female</i>	5	6	0	0	0	0	1	12
	<i>Male</i>	10	8	0	0	0	1	1	20
Total*		2,190	988	4	1	2	234	266	3,685

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for 16 children.

Of the 3,701 children who left foster care during the most recent SFY, 59 percent were white, while 27 percent of the children were black. National data indicates that 45 percent of the children who left foster care during federal fiscal year 2004 were white and 29 percent were black¹¹. The percentages for SFY 2006 were similar to those in SFY 2005.

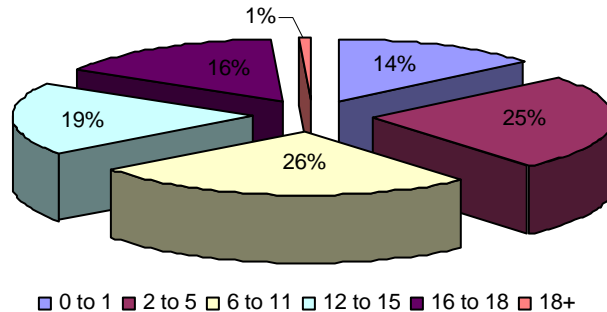
¹¹ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/01/2003 and 9/30/2004 as of June 2006.

Chart 21a: Ethnicity of Children who Exited Care



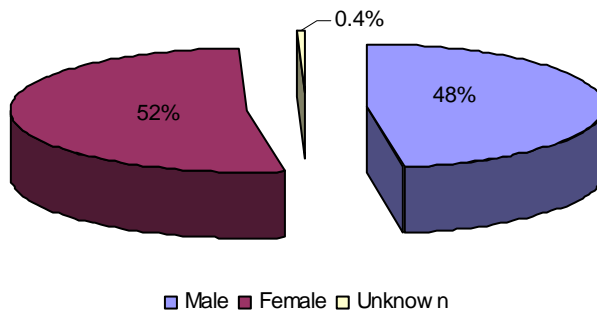
The following chart shows that children between the ages of six and eleven represented the highest percentage of children (26%) who exited foster care during the year, followed closely by children between the ages of two and five (25%).

Chart 21b: Ages of Children who Exited Care



The following chart shows the gender of the children who left care during the year. Fifty-two percent of the children were female and 48 percent were male.

Chart 21c: Gender of Children who Exited Care



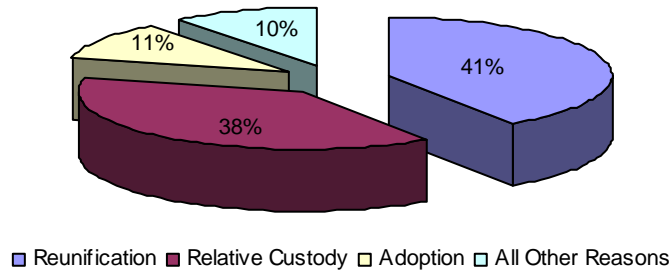
**Table 11: Reasons Children Exited Foster Care by Age
SFY 2006**

Reason	Age						Total
	0 to 1	2 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 18	Over 18	
Reunification	198	373	418	342	172	2	1,505
Relative Custody	254	363	367	272	159	2	1,417
Adoption	35	154	149	38	17	0	393
Child Aged Out	0	0	0	0	176	27	203
Non-Relative Custody	15	21	25	24	37	0	122
Emancipation	0	0	0	0	8	1	9
Death of Child	3	2	2	0	1	0	8
Custody Transfer	4	7	2	9	6	0	28
Total	509	920	963	685	576	32	3,685

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for 16 children.

The most prevalent reason children left foster care during SFY 2006 was for reunification (41%), this was a four percentage point change from SFY 2005 (45%). The second most prevalent reason was for relative custody (38%) which was a three percentage point increase from SFY 2005 (35%), followed by adoption (11%). National data indicates the top three most prevalent reasons children left care were reunification (54%), adoption (18%) and relative care (12%)¹².

Chart 22: Most Prevalent Reasons for Children Exiting Care



¹² Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for children in foster care between 10/01/2003 and 9/30/2004 as of April 2006.

Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care

The Division has two primary goals for children in foster care: safety and permanency. The second of these goals is achieved by setting a permanency goal for each child in foster care. For children in care during the year, more children had the goal to return home than any other goal. National data indicates the top two most prevalent goals were return home (49%) and adoption (20%)¹³.

**Table 12: Permanency Goals of Children in Foster Care During the Year
SFY 2005 – SFY 2006**

	SFY 2005		SFY 2006		National
Return Home	2,691	42%	2,802	41%	44%
Adoption	979	15%	1,054	15%	22%
Independence	721	11%	692	10%	n/a
Remain at Home	523	8%	1,124	16%	n/a
Relative Care	257	4%	386	6%	5%
Guardianship	34	.5%	29	.4%	3%
Emancipation	1	.02%	3	.04%	6%
Long Term Care	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	8%
Not Yet Established	1,193	19%	745	11%	11%
Total*	6,399	100%	6,835	100%	100%

*Sum of individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

¹³ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for FY 2006 (10/01/03 to 9/30/04) as of June 2006.

Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care

For SFY 2006, 65 percent of the children in foster care had been in care less than one year. Compared to national data, children in the Arkansas foster care system stay in care a substantially shorter amount of time¹⁴. (See APPENDIX E for an area and county breakdown.)

**Table 13a: Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care
SFY 2006**

	Number	Percentage	National
Less than 30 days	1,544	23%	5%
30-90 Days	1,014	15%	18%
3-6 Months	911	13%	
6-12 Months	955	14%	17%
12-24 Months	1,033	15%	21%
24-36 Months	565	8%	12%
36+ Months	813	12%	27%
Total	6,835	100%	100%

**Table 13b: Length of Stay of Children in Relative Care
SFY 2006**

	Number	Percentage
Less than 30 days	18	9%
30-90 Days	25	13%
3-6 Months	27	14%
6-12 Months	41	21%
12-24 Months	45	23%
24-36 Months	21	11%
36+ Months	19	10%
Total*	196	101%¹⁵

**Table 13c: Length of Stay of Children in Foster Care
(Excluding Relative Care)**

SFY 2006

	Number	Percentage
Less than 30 days	1,526	23%
30-90 Days	988	15%
3-6 Months	882	13%
6-12 Months	915	14%
12-24 Months	990	15%
24-36 Months	544	8%
36+ Months	794	12%
Total	6,639	100%

¹⁴ Adoption and Foster Care Analysis and Reporting System (AFCARS) preliminary data submitted for the FY 2006 (10/01/03 to 9/30/04) as of June 2006.

¹⁵ Percentages may not total 100 percent due to rounding.

Number of Placements of Children in Foster Care

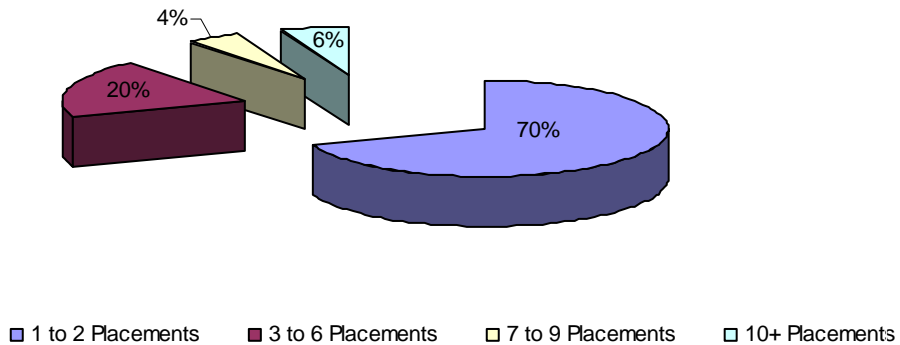
For SFY 2006, 70 percent of the children in care during the year experienced less than three placements. This represents a ten percentage point decrease from SFY 2005.

**Table 14: Number of Placements of Children in Foster Care
SFY 2005 –SFY 2006**

	SFY 2005		SFY 2006	
1-2 Placements	5,140	80%	4,754	70%
3-6 Placements	735	12%	1,350	20%
7-9 Placements	209	3%	306	5%
10+ Placements	315	5%	425	6%
Total	6,399	100%	6,835	100%

*Sum of individual percentages may not equal 100% due to rounding.

Chart 23: Number of Placements



Characteristics of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements

There were 3,444 children in care at the end of the year. Of those, 1,871 (54%) children experienced two or more placements while in foster care.

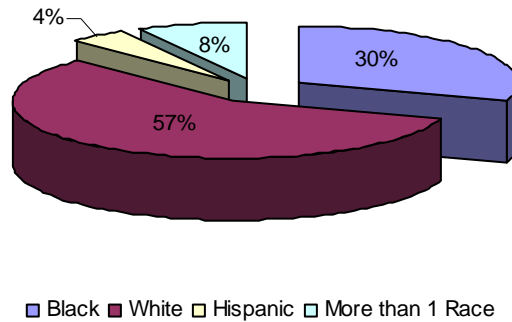
Table 15: Characteristics of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	28	15	0	0	0	1	5	49
	Male	32	17	0	1	0	6	4	60
2 to 5	Female	67	39	0	0	0	14	10	130
	Male	101	31	0	1	0	12	18	163
6 to 11	Female	128	63	0	0	0	10	18	217
	Male	175	75	0	0	0	12	21	283
12 to 15	Female	151	72	0	0	0	7	18	248
	Male	141	81	0	0	0	7	26	255
16 to 18	Female	136	85	0	0	0	2	21	244
	Male	116	83	1	0	0	7	13	220
18+	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		1,075	561	1	2	0	78	152	1,869

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for two children.

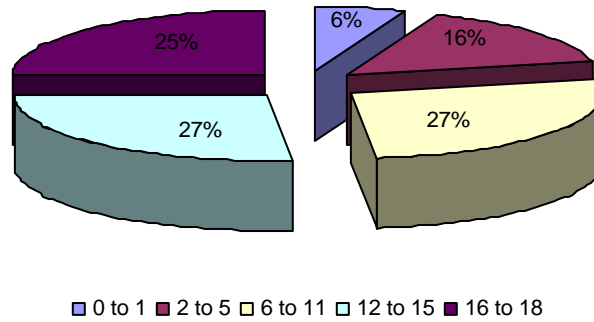
Of the 1,871 children who experienced two or more placements, 57 percent were white and 30 percent were black.

Chart 24a: Ethnicity of Children Who Experienced Two or More Placements



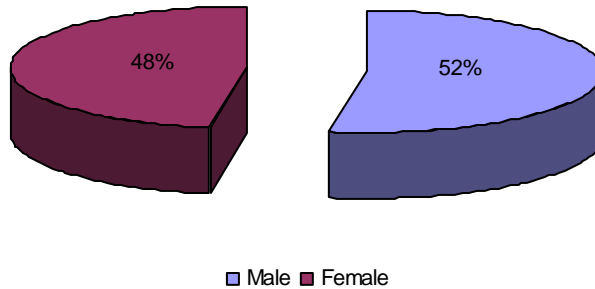
The largest group of children who experienced two or more placements was between the ages of 12 and 15 years old.

Chart 24b: Ages of Children who Experienced Two or More Placements



There were slightly more male children (52%) than female children (48%) who experienced two or more placements.

Chart 24c: Gender of Children Who Experienced Two or More Placements



Current Placement of Children in Foster Care

More children who remained in foster care as of the end of SFY 2006 were placed in foster homes than in any other placement setting. Fifty-seven percent of the children were in DCFS foster homes, while eight percent of the children were placed in therapeutic foster homes. These percentages were similar to SFY 2005.

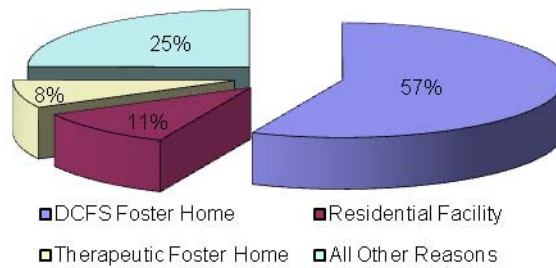
**Table 16: Current Placement of Children in Foster Care
SFY 2006**

Placement	Age						Total
	0 to 1	2 to 5	6 to 11	12 to 15	16 to 18	Over 19	
DCFS Foster Home	371	524	507	318	182	49	1,951
Relative Care	16	19	29	39	25	7	134
Therapeutic Foster Home	1	34	117	77	28	13	270
Adoptive Home*	12	22	44	12	0	0	90
Emergency Shelter	2	8	37	39	34	1	121
Residential Facility	4	15	63	151	97	35	365
Youth Services	0	0	0	8	15	3	26
Runaway	3	2	2	13	59	4	83
Trial Home Visit	14	39	34	28	13	0	128
Hospital/Medical	6	1	16	31	20	0	74
Sexual Offender Treatment	0	0	1	4	6	2	13
Detention	0	0	0	7	10	3	20
Independent Living	0	0	0	3	7	28	38
Temporary Placement	17	19	42	24	8	2	112
Unknown**	1	7	1	6	3	1	19
Total	456	738	883	733	493	141	3,444

*Non-finalized adoptions.

**Unknown due to data entry after report completion.

Chart 25: Current Placement of Children in Care



Characteristics of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Year

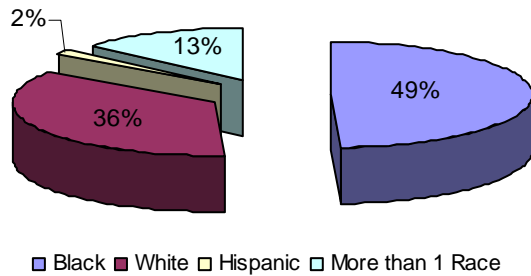
For SFY 2006, there were 53 children in runaway status at the end of the year. This was a decrease of two children from SFY 2005 (55).

Table 17: Characteristics of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Year SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2 to 5	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
6 to 11	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1
12 to 15	Female	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	3
	Male	1	5	0	0	0	0	1	7
16 to 18	Female	9	9	0	0	0	0	3	21
	Male	7	7	0	0	0	1	2	17
18+	Female	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	3
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		19	26	0	0	0	1	7	53

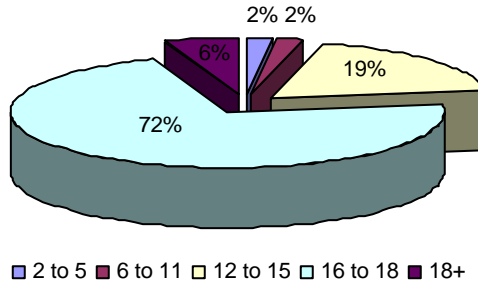
Of the children in runaway status at the end of the year, 36 percent were white and 49 percent were black.

Chart 26a: Ethnicity of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Quarter



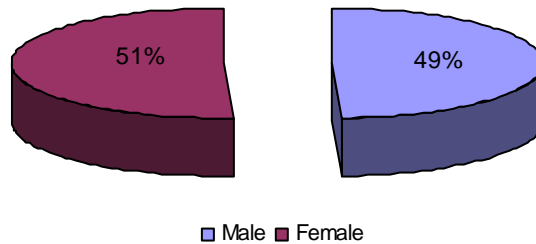
Seventy-two percent of the children who were in runaway status at the end of the year were between the ages of 16 and 18.

Chart 26b: Ages of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Quarter



There were more female children (51%) than male children (49%) who were in runaway status at the end of the year.

Chart 26c: Gender of Children on Runaway Status at the End of the Quarter



Characteristics of Children in Relative Care

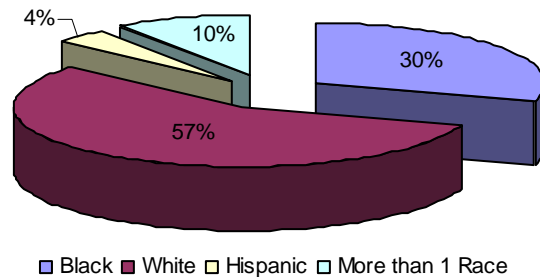
There were 416 children who were in relative care during SFY 2006. The table below outlines the demographics for those children.

**Table 18: Characteristics of Children in Relative Care
SFY 2006**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	22	7	0	0	0	2	1	32
	Male	16	4	0	0	0	2	1	23
2 to 5	Female	27	19	0	0	0	5	2	53
	Male	36	14	0	0	0	2	4	56
6 to 11	Female	32	17	0	0	0	0	11	60
	Male	34	20	0	0	0	1	10	65
12 to 15	Female	23	11	0	0	0	1	6	41
	Male	18	14	0	0	0	2	2	36
16 to 18	Female	17	7	0	0	0	0	1	25
	Male	11	11	0	0	0	0	3	25
18 +	Female	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		236	124	0	0	0	15	41	416

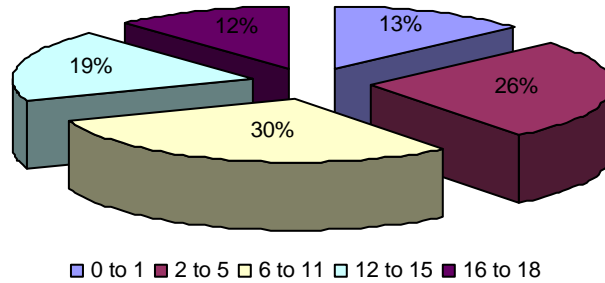
There is a noteworthy difference between the ethnicity of children in relative care and children in the overall foster care population. White children represented the highest percentage (57%), similar to children in relative care for SFY 2005. Black children represented thirty percent, an increase from SFY 2005 (21%).

Chart 27a: Ethnicity of Children in Relative Care



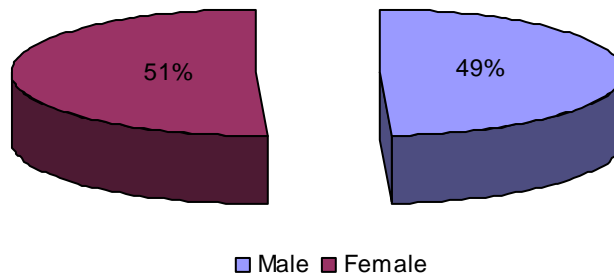
Children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the largest age group of children in relative care (30%), followed by children between the ages of two and five (26%).

Chart 27b: Ages of Children in Relative Care



Of the 416 children who were in relative care during the year, 51 percent were female and 49 percent were male.

Chart 27c: Gender of Children in Relative Care



Part III: Description of Population and Services
Section III: Adoption

Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year

There were 1,047 children with the permanency goal of adoption during SFY 2006. The table below outlines the characteristics of these children. This is an increase from 978 children from SFY 2005 (7%).

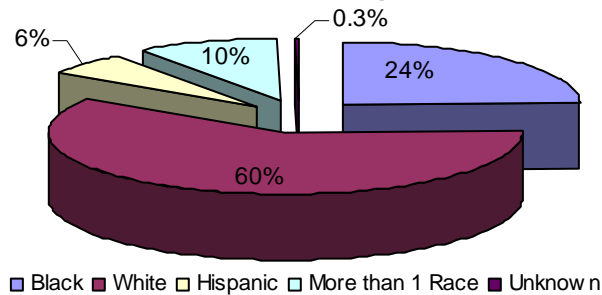
Table 19: Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	19	11	0	0	0	3	6	39
	Male	33	10	0	0	0	0	1	44
2 to 5	Female	84	41	0	0	0	10	16	151
	Male	85	28	0	0	0	15	18	146
6 to 11	Female	112	34	0	0	0	9	18	173
	Male	119	45	0	0	0	12	16	192
12 to 15	Female	67	27	0	0	0	7	12	113
	Male	69	38	0	0	0	4	12	123
16 to 18	Female	20	12	0	0	0	0	2	34
	Male	17	10	0	0	0	0	2	29
Total*		625	256	0	0	0	60	103	1,044

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for three children.

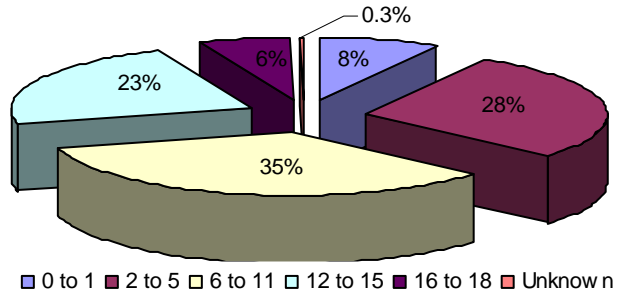
Sixty percent of the children whose permanency goal was adoption during the year were white, while 24 percent were black and six percent were Hispanic. These percentages were similar to SFY 2005

Chart 28a: Ethnicity of Children with a Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year



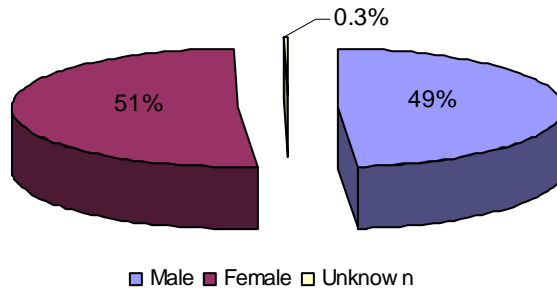
Children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented 35 percent of the children with a permanency goal of adoption during the year.

Chart 28b: Ages of Children with a Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year



Of the 1,047 children whose permanency goal was adoption, 51 percent were male and 49 percent were female.

Chart 28c: Gender of Children with a Permanency Goal of Adoption During the Year



Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year

There were 724 children whose permanency goal at the end of SFY 2006 was adoption. This was a slight decrease from SFY 2005 (737). The following table outlines the characteristics of those children.

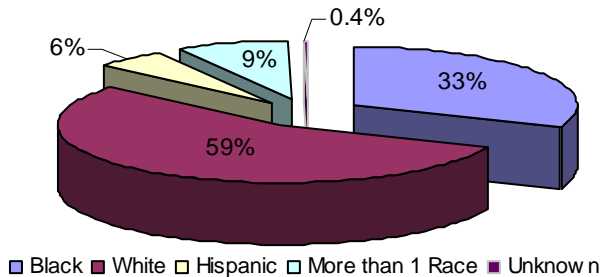
Table 20: Characteristics of Children with the Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	13	8	0	0	0	2	2	25
	Male	19	7	0	0	0	0	0	26
2 to 5	Female	48	24	0	0	0	3	7	82
	Male	50	19	0	0	0	11	10	90
6 to 11	Female	74	25	0	0	0	7	11	117
	Male	78	35	0	0	0	10	9	132
12 to 15	Female	55	23	0	0	0	3	11	92
	Male	61	35	0	0	0	4	9	109
16 to 18	Female	15	9	0	0	0	0	1	25
	Male	12	9	0	0	0	0	2	23
Total		425	194	0	0	0	40	62	721

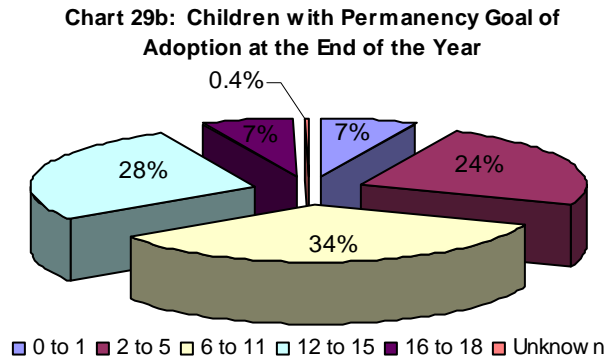
*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for three children.

Fifty-nine percent of the children with the permanency goal of adoption were white, 33 percent were black and nine percent had more than one ethnicity. These percentages were similar to SFY 2005.

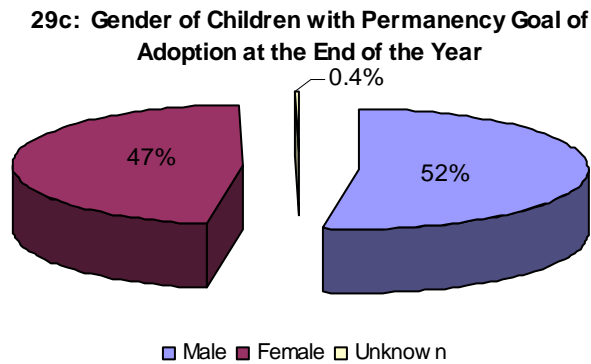
Chart 29a: Ethnicity of Children with Permanency Goal of Adoption at the End of the Year



Children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the largest group of children with the permanency goal of adoption at the end of the year (34%). Children between the ages of 12 and 15 represented the second largest group of children (28%).



There were more male children (52%) than female children (47%) with the permanency goal of adoption at the end of SFY 2006.



Characteristics of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year

There were 313 children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2006. The table below outlines the characteristics of those children.

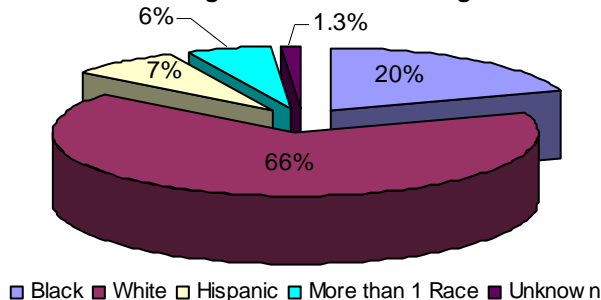
**Table 21: Characteristics of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year
SFY 2006**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	16	7	0	0	0	2	2	27
	Male	27	4	0	0	0	1	0	32
2 to 5	Female	28	12	0	0	0	6	2	48
	Male	36	13	0	0	0	8	1	58
6 to 11	Female	27	6	0	0	0	1	6	40
	Male	27	15	0	0	0	3	1	46
12 to 15	Female	18	4	0	0	0	0	4	26
	Male	12	0	0	0	0	2	1	15
16 to 18	Female	15	1	0	0	0	0	1	17
	Male	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total		206	62	0	0	0	23	18	309

Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for four children.

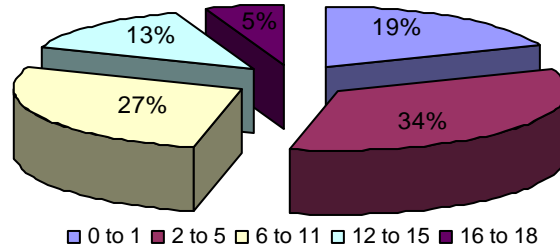
Sixty-six percent of the children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2006 were white, while 20 percent of the children were black and seven percent were Hispanic.

Chart 30a: Ethnicity of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year



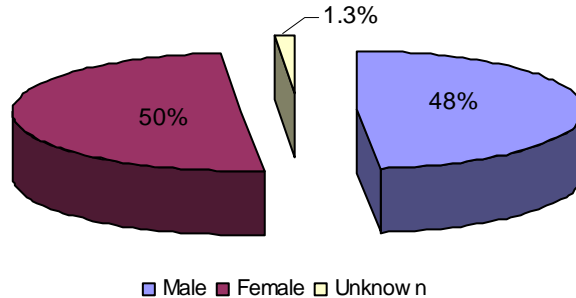
The two largest groups of children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2006 were between the ages of 2 and 5 and children between the ages of 6 and 11.

Chart 30b: Ages of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year



There were more female children than male children whose parents had their parental rights terminated during SFY 2006.

Chart 30c: Gender of Children whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated During the Year



Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year

There were 444 children available for adoption at the end of SFY 2006. Demographic information for children available for adoption is very similar to previous reports.

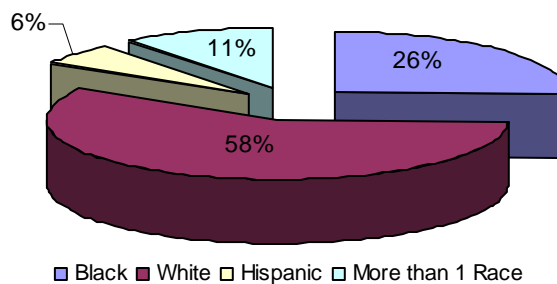
**Table 22: Characteristics of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year
SFY 2006**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	4	4	0	0	0	2	0	10
	Male	6	2	0	0	0	0	0	8
2 to 5	Female	25	11	0	0	0	5	7	48
	Male	25	10	0	0	0	7	5	47
6 to 11	Female	45	19	0	0	0	3	10	77
	Male	46	21	0	0	0	2	8	77
12 to 15	Female	33	19	0	0	0	2	8	62
	Male	46	15	0	0	0	4	6	71
16 to 18	Female	13	6	0	0	0	0	3	22
	Male	13	7	0	0	0	0	1	21
Total		256	114	0	0	0	25	48	443

Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for one child.

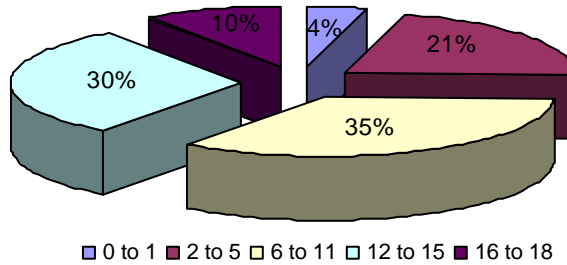
Fifty-eight percent of the children available for adoption at the end of the year were white, while 26 percent of the children were black. The percentage of Hispanic children remained at six percent in SFY 2006 compared to the previous state fiscal year and the percentage of black children increased from 21 percent in SFY 2005 to 26 percent in SFY 2006.

Chart 31a: Ethnicity of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year



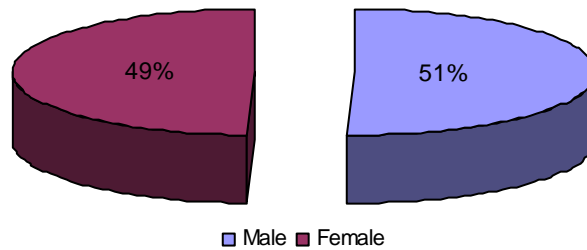
There were more children between the ages of 6 and 11 who were available for adoption at the end of SFY 2006 than any other group of children. These percentages were similar to SFY 2005.

Chart 31b: Age of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year



More male children were available for adoption than female children at the end of SFY 2006. Fifty-one percent of the children were male and 49 percent were female.

Chart 31c: Gender of Children Available for Adoption at the End of the Year



Current Placement of Children Available for Adoption

More children who were available for adoption at the end of the SFY 2006 were placed in DCFS foster homes than in any other type of placement. These results were similar to previous reports.

**Table 23: Current Placement of Children Available for Adoption
SFY 2006**

Placement	Number of Children	Percentage
DCFS Foster Home	180	41%
Pre-Adoptive Home**	100	23%
Pre-Adoptive Home (Relative)	0	0%
Pre-Adoptive Home (Foster Home)	1	.2%
Therapeutic Foster Home	66	15%
Relative Care	6	1%
Specialized Community Home	22	5%
Residential Facility	43	10%
Hospital/Medical	10	2%
Emergency Shelter	5	1%
Youth Services	1	.2%
Sexual Offender Treatment	0	0%
Trial Home Visit	0	0%
Runaway	4	1%
Independent Living	3	.7%
Incarceration	3	.7%
Total*	444	100%

Characteristics of Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes

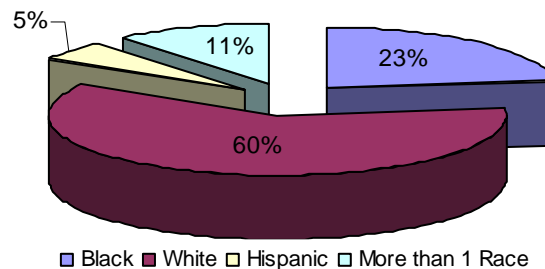
There were 281 children placed into pre-adoptive homes during SFY 2006. This number represented an increase from the 273 children placed in pre-adoptive homes during SFY 2005. The characteristics of the children placed during the latest state fiscal year are outlined in the table below.

Table 24: Characteristics of Children Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes SFY 2006

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	4	5	0	0	0	1	1	11
	Male	12	2	0	0	0	0	0	14
2 to 5	Female	28	16	0	0	0	4	8	56
	Male	30	9	0	0	0	5	6	50
6 to 11	Female	38	9	0	0	0	2	7	56
	Male	34	10	0	0	0	2	3	49
12 to 15	Female	14	5	0	0	0	0	2	21
	Male	5	4	0	0	0	1	4	14
16 to 18	Female	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	6
	Male	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	4
Total		170	65	0	0	0	15	31	281

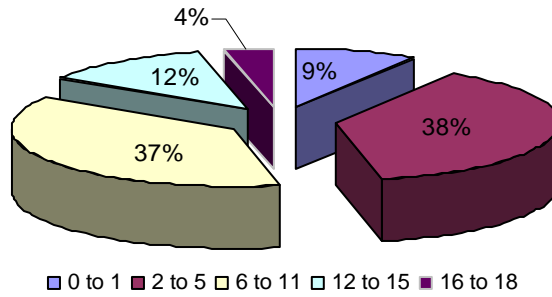
Of the 281 children placed into a pre-adoptive home during the year, 60 percent were white, compared to 62 percent in SFY 2005, and 23 percent were black, compared to 27 percent in SFY 2005.

Chart 32a: Ethnicity of Children Placed in Pre-Adoptive Homes During the Year



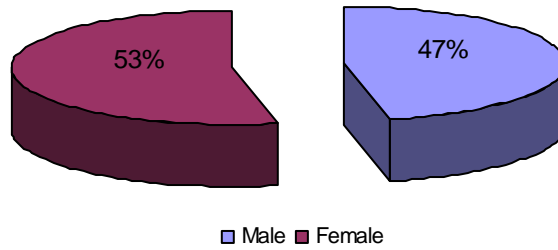
The largest group of children placed into a pre-adoptive home was between the ages of 2 and 5 (38%) followed by children between the ages of 6 and 11 (37%).

32b: Ages of Children Placed in Pre-Adoptive Homes During the Year



Of the 281 children placed into a pre-adoptive home during SFY 2006, 47 percent were male and 53 percent were female.

32c: Gender of Children Placed in Pre-Adoptive Homes During the Year



Children not Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes whose Parents have had Parental Rights Terminated

As of the end of SFY 2006, 344 children whose parents' parental rights were terminated had not been placed in a pre-adoptive home. This number was derived by subtracting the number of children placed in an adoptive home as of the end of the year (100) from the number of children available for adoption at the end of the year (444).

Special Needs

There were 116 children with special needs who were placed in a pre-adoptive home during SFY 2006¹⁶. Children with special needs are defined as Caucasian children over the age of nine, African American children who are two years old or older, or children who are members of a sibling group of three or more that is being placed together with his or her siblings. The definition of special needs children also includes those who have severe medical or psychological needs that require ongoing treatment.

**Table 25: Children with Special Needs Placed in Pre-adoptive Homes
SFY 2006**

Special Need Condition	Number of Children
Race	115
Age	110
Member of sibling group	81

¹⁶ This number does not take into account children with severe medical and psychological needs because this data is not available in CHRIS (AR Children's Reporting and Information System). As enhancements are made to the data system to capture this information, the data will be provided in future reports.

Characteristics of Children with Finalized Adoptions

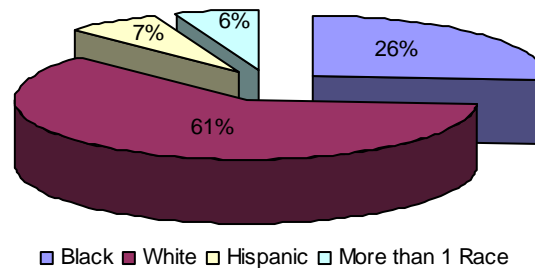
There were 372 children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2006. This represented an increase of 30 percent from SFY 2005 (287). The characteristics of those children are outlined in the following table.

**Table 26: Characteristics of Children with Finalized Adoptions
SFY 2006**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	9	3	0	0	0	0	4	16
	Male	10	2	0	0	0	0	0	12
2 to 5	Female	41	30	0	0	0	6	1	78
	Male	38	21	0	0	0	4	3	66
6 to 11	Female	48	15	0	0	0	6	5	74
	Male	47	14	0	0	0	7	5	73
12 to 15	Female	14	5	0	0	0	2	0	21
	Male	10	4	0	0	0	0	2	16
16 to 18	Female	5	2	0	0	0	0	2	9
	Male	6	1	0	0	0	0	0	7
Total		228	97	0	0	0	25	22	372

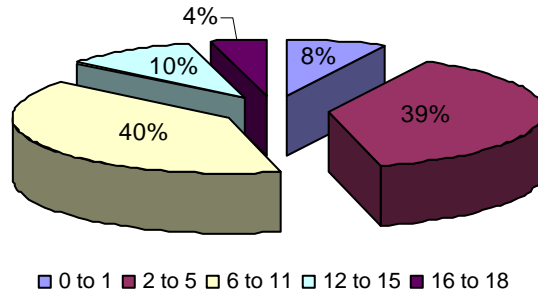
Of the children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2006, 61 percent were white, 26 percent were black and seven percent were Hispanic.

**33a: Ethnicity of Children with Finalized Adoptions
During the Year**



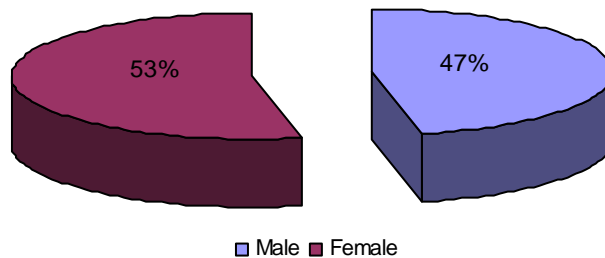
Children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the largest group of children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2006, followed closely by children between the ages of 2 and 5.

Chart 33b: Ages of Children with Finalized Adoptions During the Year



Fifty-three percent of the children whose adoption was finalized during SFY 2006 were female and 47 percent of the children were male.

Chart 33c: Gender of Children with Finalized Adoptions During the Year



Subsidized Adoptions

There were 308 children who began receiving adoption subsidies during SFY 2006. Of those, 266 children were receiving federally-funded subsidies, while 42 were receiving state-funded subsidies. In SFY 2005, 238 children received adoption subsidies with 228 federally-funded and 10 state-funded.

Characteristics of Children who Receive Adoption Subsidies

There were 2,771 children who received adoption subsidies during SFY 2006. This was an increase of 12 percent from SFY 2005 (2,482). The following table outlines the characteristics of those children.

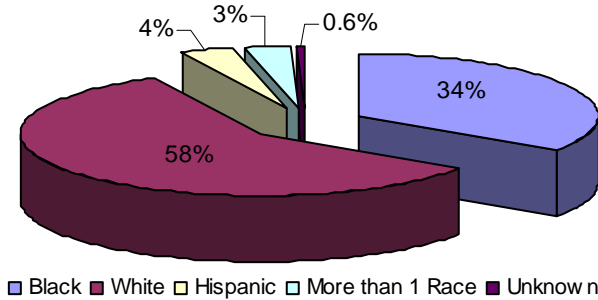
**Table 25: Characteristics of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies
SFY 2006**

Age	Gender	White	Black	Asian	AIAN	NAPI	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Total
0 to 1	Female	4	2	0	0	0	0	4	10
	Male	8	1	0	0	0	0	0	9
2 to 5	Female	94	53	0	0	0	14	13	174
	Male	97	64	0	0	0	14	14	189
6 to 11	Female	307	192	1	1	0	22	25	548
	Male	342	186	0	1	0	19	15	563
12 to 15	Female	229	147	1	0	0	15	2	394
	Male	244	139	0	0	0	5	6	394
16 to 18	Female	105	59	0	1	0	2	2	169
	Male	97	65	0	0	0	3	0	165
18+	Female	43	24	0	0	0	1	0	68
	Male	44	23	1	0	0	2	0	70
Total*		1,614	955	3	3	0	97	81	2,753

*Demographic data had not been entered into CHRIS for 18 children.

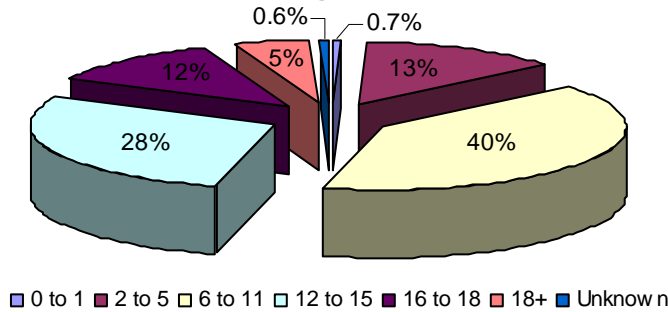
Fifty-eight percent of the children receiving adoption subsidies during the year were white, while 34 percent were black.

34a: Ethnicity of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies During SFY 2005



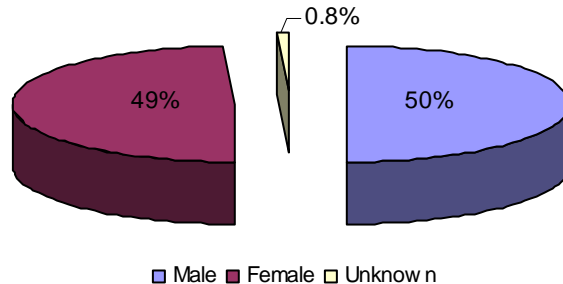
Children between the ages of 6 and 11 represented the largest group of children receiving adoption subsidies.

34b: Ages of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies During the Year



Fifty percent of the children receiving adoption subsidies during the year were male and 49 percent were female.

34c: Gender of Children Receiving Adoption Subsidies During the Year



Adoptive Homes

There were 230 adoptive homes available at the beginning of SFY 2006 and 228 new homes were approved during the year. Of the 458 adoptive homes available for placement during the year, 68 had children placed within them during the year.

**Table 26: Adoptive Homes
SFY 2006**

	Total Adoptive Homes	Non-Foster Adoptive Homes	Foster Adoptive Homes
Homes available for children at beginning of the year	230	119	111
Newly available homes	228	127	101
Homes that had children placed during the year	68	46	22
Home that experienced a disruption	24	16	8
Homes that closed without a placement	57	40	17
Homes available at the end of the year	357	176	181

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: Child Maltreatment Assessments by Area and County

Area	County	Total	True	True %	Unsub*	Exempt Religion	Exempt UJO	UTL	Unknown
1	Benton (Bentonville)	1,398	313	22%	674	0	10	56	345
1	Carroll (Berryville)	206	59	29%	141	0	0	3	3
1	Madison (Huntsville)	138	26	19%	106	0	0	3	3
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	1,570	376	24%	762	0	3	78	351
	Area Total	3,312	774	23%	1,683	0	13	140	702
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	599	99	17%	188	0	1	16	295
2	Franklin (Ozark)	141	18	13%	71	0	0	1	51
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	246	47	19%	81	0	0	3	115
2	Logan (Booneville, Paris)	190	42	22%	113	0	0	1	34
2	Scott (Waldron)	113	23	20%	61	0	1	6	22
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	1,177	281	24%	698	1	3	72	122
2	Yell (Danville)	195	41	21%	83	0	0	2	69
	Area Total	2,661	551	21%	1,295	1	5	101	708
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	146	42	29%	100	0	1	2	1
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	850	195	23%	618	0	11	21	5
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	334	76	23%	221	0	8	27	2
3	Howard (Nashville)	94	23	24%	67	0	1	2	1
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	71	12	17%	55	0	0	2	2
3	Perry (Perryville)	97	29	30%	64	0	0	4	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	73	20	27%	50	0	0	3	0
3	Polk (Mena)	216	47	22%	152	0	0	13	4
3	Saline (Benton)	848	270	32%	549	0	3	22	4
	Area Total	2,729	714	26%	1,876	0	24	96	19
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	146	46	32%	77	0	1	4	18
4	Hempstead (Hope)	171	54	32%	110	0	0	1	6
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	84	15	18%	59	0	0	8	2
4	Little River (Ashdown)	123	33	27%	75	0	2	6	7
4	Miller (Texarkana)	436	128	29%	251	0	1	47	9
4	Nevada (Prescott)	79	23	29%	42	0	1	0	13
4	Ouachita (Camden)	237	86	36%	125	0	0	14	12
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	145	52	36%	84	0	1	5	3
4	Union (El Dorado)	339	93	27%	212	0	4	24	6
	Area Total	1,760	530	30%	1,035	0	10	109	76
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	344	124	36%	207	0	3	9	1
5	Boone (Harrison)	365	91	25%	268	0	3	3	0
5	Conway (Morrilton)	237	73	31%	150	0	0	14	0
5	Faulkner (Conway)	657	200	30%	411	0	6	34	6
5	Marion (Yellville)	138	34	25%	98	1	1	4	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	60	10	17%	47	0	0	2	1
5	Pope (Russellville)	464	136	29%	308	0	4	8	8
5	Searcy (Marshall)	65	22	34%	42	0	0	1	0
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	136	44	32%	91	0	0	0	1
	Area Total	2,466	734	30%	1,622	1	17	75	17
6	Pulaski	3,193	773	24%	2,169	1	19	201	30
	Area Total	3,193	773	24%	2,169	1	19	201	30

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	True	True %	Unsub	Exempt Religion	Exempt UJA	UTL	Unknown
7	Bradley (Warren)	107	29	27%	75	0	1	1	1
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	32	18	56%	14	0	0	0	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	48	13	27%	35	0	0	0	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	99	43	43%	55	0	0	1	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	155	33	21%	113	0	0	7	2
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	689	222	32%	387	0	3	18	59
7	Lincoln (Star City)	83	21	25%	58	0	0	2	2
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	594	108	18%	269	0	1	13	203
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	59	8	14%	50	0	0	0	1
	Area Total	1,866	495	27%	1,056	0	5	42	268
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	177	41	23%	97	0	0	7	32
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	943	160	17%	674	0	6	37	66
8	Fulton (Salem)	103	31	30%	71	0	0	1	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	556	120	22%	320	0	5	14	97
8	Izard (Melbourne)	171	46	27%	122	0	0	2	1
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	241	56	23%	172	0	0	2	11
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	363	90	25%	258	0	0	14	1
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	160	45	28%	105	0	3	7	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	178	47	26%	114	0	3	2	12
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	200	51	26%	146	0	1	2	0
	Area Total	3,092	687	22%	2,079	0	18	88	220
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	206	53	26%	118	0	0	1	34
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	551	118	21%	320	0	1	20	92
9	Cross (Wynne)	177	48	27%	110	0	0	8	11
9	Independence (Batesville)	383	83	22%	245	0	1	4	50
9	Jackson (Newport)	177	35	20%	140	0	0	2	0
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	377	80	21%	255	0	7	7	28
9	Stone (Mountain View)	112	34	30%	60	0	1	2	15
9	White (Searcy)	645	157	24%	411	0	5	4	68
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	66	13	20%	49	0	1	1	2
	Area Total	2,694	621	23%	1,708	0	16	49	300
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	75	32	43%	39	0	1	0	3
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	103	46	45%	53	0	2	1	1
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	157	41	26%	113	0	0	3	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	98	21	21%	76	0	0	0	1
10	Desha (McGehee)	150	38	25%	109	0	0	3	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	192	53	28%	139	0	0	0	0
10	Lee (Marianna)	86	18	21%	65	0	0	1	2
10	Monroe (Brinkley, Claredon)	68	17	25%	49	0	0	1	1
10	Phillips (Helena)	234	70	30%	154	0	2	8	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	234	60	26%	164	0	1	6	3
	Area Total	1,397	396	28%	961	0	6	23	11
99	State Office	8	2	25%	3	0	1	0	2
	Statewide Total	25,178**	6,277	25%	15,487	3	134	924	2,353

* "Unsub" = Unsubstantiated; "UTL" = Unable to Locate; "UJO" = Underage Juvenile Offender; "Unknown" = Status of assessment is not identified in CHRIS.

** This total includes both DCFS and CACD assessments.

APPENDIX B: Children in Foster Care by Ethnicity

Area	County	Total	White	Black	Asian	NAPI	AIAN	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Unknown
1	Benton (Bentonville)	309	232	8	0	0	2	50	15	2
1	Carroll (Berryville)	34	28	2	0	0	0	2	2	0
1	Madison (Huntsville)	23	16	0	0	0	0	6	1	0
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	260	182	17	0	2	0	31	22	6
	Area Total	626	458	27	0	2	2	89	40	8
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	116	94	1	0	0	0	17	4	0
2	Franklin (Ozark)	24	22	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	37	27	2	0	0	0	3	5	0
2	Logan (Booneville, Paris)	43	37	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
2	Scott (Waldron)	24	18	0	0	0	0	3	3	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	765	470	94	4	0	3	84	104	6
2	Yell (Danville)	43	31	6	0	0	0	5	1	0
	Area Total	1,052	699	104	4	0	3	115	121	6
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	38	19	14	0	0	0	2	3	0
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	203	121	51	0	0	0	5	25	1
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	52	48	0	0	0	0	3	1	0
3	Howard (Nashville)	45	24	16	0	0	0	3	2	0
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	19	16	0	0	0	0	2	0	1
3	Perry (Perryville)	20	19	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	30	20	4	0	0	0	6	0	0
3	Polk (Mena)	72	59	3	0	0	0	6	4	0
3	Saline (Benton)	101	88	9	0	0	0	4	0	0
	Area Total	580	414	98	0	0	0	31	35	2
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	38	20	18	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Hempstead (Hope)	28	14	14	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	23	13	8	0	0	0	0	2	0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	38	31	2	0	0	0	1	4	0
4	Miller (Texarkana)	175	95	63	0	0	0	7	10	0
4	Nevada (Prescott)	22	15	5	0	0	0	1	1	0
4	Ouachita (Camden)	86	17	59	0	0	0	0	10	0
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	32	25	0	0	0	0	4	2	1
4	Union (El Dorado)	99	34	58	0	0	0	2	5	0
	Area Total	541	264	227	0	0	0	15	34	1
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	87	81	0	0	0	0	0	6	0
5	Boone (Harrison)	49	46	0	0	0	0	2	1	0
5	Conway (Morrilton)	74	49	12	0	0	0	2	11	0
5	Faulkner (Conway)	126	95	21	0	0	0	4	6	0
5	Marion (Yellville)	44	39	0	0	0	0	3	2	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	13	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	113	93	6	2	0	0	8	4	0
5	Searcy (Marshall)	34	33	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	53	43	0	1	0	1	8	0	0
	Area Total	593	492	39	3	0	1	28	30	0
6	Pulaski	142	46	82	0	0	0	1	12	1
6	Pulaski (East)	85	9	70	0	0	0	0	6	0
6	Pulaski (Jxvile)	117	66	38	0	0	0	6	6	1
6	Pulaski (North)	218	55	142	0	0	0	9	12	0
6	Pulaski (South)	335	71	220	0	0	0	17	26	1
6	Pulaski (SouthWest)	185	59	97	0	0	0	11	18	0
	Area Total	1,082	306	649	0	0	0	44	80	3

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	White	Black	Asian	NAPI	AIAN	Hispanic	More Than 1 Race	Unknown
7	Bradley (Warren)	42	21	17	0	0	0	2	2	0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	19	14	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	11	7	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	24	14	10	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	14	14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	273	44	202	2	0	0	3	21	1
7	Lincoln (Star City)	25	13	8	0	0	0	2	2	0
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	81	63	12	0	0	0	2	4	0
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Area Total	493	192	259	2	0	0	9	30	1
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	42	38	1	0	0	0	1	2	0
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	184	120	43	0	0	0	9	12	0
8	Fulton (Salem)	41	37	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	112	105	1	0	0	0	4	2	0
8	Izard (Melbourne)	39	35	0	0	0	0	2	2	0
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	71	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	77	29	40	0	0	0	1	7	0
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	50	7	38	0	0	0	0	5	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	78	75	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	96	89	3	0	0	0	2	2	0
	Area Total	790	606	126	0	0	0	21	36	1
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	45	43	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
9	Crittenden (W. Memphis)	137	25	93	0	0	0	6	13	0
9	Cross (Wynne)	48	26	21	0	0	0	0	1	0
9	Independence (Batesville)	54	38	2	0	0	0	6	7	1
9	Jackson (Newport)	46	20	21	0	0	0	0	5	0
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	89	62	15	0	0	0	0	12	0
9	Stone (Mountain View)	25	20	0	0	0	0	0	5	0
9	White (Searcy)	157	121	12	0	0	0	4	17	3
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	12	8	2	0	0	0	0	2	0
	Area Total	613	363	166	0	0	0	16	64	4
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	14	12	0	0	0	0	0	2	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	32	8	21	0	0	0	0	3	0
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	48	24	22	0	0	0	1	1	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	24	1	19	0	0	0	0	4	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	59	21	31	0	0	0	4	3	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	90	40	35	0	0	0	8	7	0
10	Lee (Marianna)	5	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley, Clarendo	22	5	16	0	0	0	0	1	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	64	12	47	0	0	0	1	4	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	78	17	54	0	0	0	5	2	0
	Area Total	436	140	249	0	0	0	19	28	0
99	State Office	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Statewide Total	6,809	3,936	1,945	9	2	6	387	498	26

APPENDIX C: Children in Foster Care by Age

Area	County	Total	0-5 years	6-11 years	12-14 years	15+ years	Unknown
1	Benton (Bentonville)	309	129	84	34	62	0
1	Carroll (Berryville)	34	18	7	4	5	0
1	Madison (Huntsville)	23	9	7	1	6	0
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	260	90	69	33	68	0
	Area Total	626	246	167	72	141	0
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	116	32	31	20	33	0
2	Franklin (Ozark)	24	10	1	3	10	0
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	37	10	15	2	10	0
2	Logan (Booneville, Paris)	43	12	10	3	18	0
2	Scott (Waldron)	24	7	7	2	8	0
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	765	305	212	107	141	0
2	Yell (Danville)	43	17	12	4	10	0
	Area Total	1,052	393	288	141	230	0
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	38	15	10	5	8	0
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	203	76	60	26	41	0
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	52	26	10	8	8	0
3	Howard (Nashville)	45	8	9	10	18	0
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	19	4	5	2	8	0
3	Perry (Perryville)	20	3	5	4	8	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	30	15	7	5	3	0
3	Polk (Mena)	72	30	11	15	16	0
3	Saline (Benton)	101	41	22	11	27	0
	Area Total	580	218	139	86	137	0
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	38	16	9	6	7	0
4	Hempstead (Hope)	28	6	9	1	12	0
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	23	9	1	7	6	0
4	Little River (Ashdown)	38	21	7	3	7	0
4	Miller (Texarkana)	175	64	50	28	33	0
4	Nevada (Prescott)	22	12	3	2	5	0
4	Ouachita (Camden)	86	30	23	13	20	0
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	32	18	5	6	3	0
4	Union (El Dorado)	99	40	30	10	19	0
	Area Total	541	216	137	76	112	0
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	87	37	27	11	12	0
5	Boone (Harrison)	49	16	12	10	11	0
5	Conway (Morrilton)	74	30	17	10	17	0
5	Faulkner (Conway)	126	50	28	15	33	0
5	Marion (Yellville)	44	12	8	6	18	0
5	Newton (Jasper)	13	0	8	1	4	0
5	Pope (Russellville)	113	41	29	12	31	0
5	Searcy (Marshall)	34	12	8	4	10	0
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	53	16	11	9	17	0
	Area Total	593	214	148	78	153	0
6	Pulaski	142	54	35	12	41	0
6	Pulaski (East)	85	27	17	13	28	0
6	Pulaski (Jxville)	117	35	36	20	26	0
6	Pulaski (North)	218	83	57	26	52	0
6	Pulaski (South)	335	130	83	42	80	0
6	Pulaski (SouthWest)	185	68	54	19	44	0
	Area Total	1,082	397	282	132	271	0

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	0-5 years	6-11 years	12-14 years	15+ years	Unknown
7	Bradley (Warren)	42	7	9	8	18	0
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	19	5	7	1	6	0
7	Cleveland (Rison)	11	3	0	3	5	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	24	3	4	5	12	0
7	Grant (Sheridan)	14	5	0	3	6	0
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	273	90	60	42	81	0
7	Lincoln (Star City)	25	4	7	5	9	0
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	81	26	24	12	19	0
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	4	1	0	0	3	0
	Area Total	493	144	111	79	159	0
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	42	14	16	5	7	0
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	184	75	53	26	30	0
8	Fulton (Salem)	41	15	11	4	11	0
8	Greene (Paragould)	112	52	26	15	19	0
8	Izard (Melbourne)	39	17	13	4	5	0
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	71	21	23	10	17	0
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	77	31	20	8	18	0
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	50	23	12	5	10	0
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	78	31	24	11	12	0
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	96	39	25	12	20	0
	Area Total	790	318	223	100	149	0
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	45	11	10	9	15	0
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	137	49	40	21	27	0
9	Cross (Wynne)	48	19	10	9	10	0
9	Independence (Batesville)	54	25	10	8	11	0
9	Jackson (Newport)	46	23	7	4	12	0
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	89	41	29	7	12	0
9	Stone (Mountain View)	25	7	11	1	6	0
9	White (Searcy)	157	61	54	20	22	0
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	12	5	3	3	1	0
	Area Total	613	241	174	82	116	0
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	14	6	2	4	2	0
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	32	10	12	7	3	0
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	48	11	15	5	17	0
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	24	7	1	6	10	0
10	Desha (McGehee)	59	19	14	10	16	0
10	Drew (Monticello)	90	19	25	18	28	0
10	Lee (Marianna)	5	0	1	2	2	0
10	Monroe (Brinkley, Clarendon)	22	3	2	3	14	0
10	Phillips (Helena)	64	18	19	9	18	0
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	78	32	14	9	23	0
	Area Total	436	125	105	73	133	0
99	State Office	3	1	1	1	0	0
	Statewide Total	6,809	2,513	1,775	920	1,601	0

APPENDIX D: Children in Foster Care by Gender

Area	County	Total	Male	Female
1	Benton (Bentonville)	309	163	146
1	Carroll (Berryville)	34	14	20
1	Madison (Huntsville)	23	13	10
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	260	135	125
	Area Total	626	325	301
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	116	60	56
2	Franklin (Ozark)	24	12	12
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	37	15	22
2	Logan (Booneville, Paris)	43	17	26
2	Scott (Waldron)	24	10	14
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	765	370	395
2	Yell (Danville)	43	26	17
	Area Total	1,052	510	542
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	38	20	18
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	203	104	99
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	52	30	22
3	Howard (Nashville)	45	28	17
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	19	9	10
3	Perry (Perryville)	20	9	11
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	30	12	18
3	Polk (Mena)	72	43	29
3	Saline (Benton)	101	51	50
	Area Total	580	306	274
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	38	13	25
4	Hempstead (Hope)	28	11	17
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	23	11	12
4	Little River (Ashdown)	38	21	17
4	Miller (Texarkana)	175	98	77
4	Nevada (Prescott)	22	10	12
4	Ouachita (Camden)	86	42	44
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	32	15	17
4	Union (El Dorado)	99	45	54
	Area Total	541	266	275
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	87	44	43
5	Boone (Harrison)	49	25	24
5	Conway (Morrilton)	74	45	29
5	Faulkner (Conway)	126	58	68
5	Marion (Yellville)	44	22	22
5	Newton (Jasper)	13	6	7
5	Pope (Russellville)	113	48	65
5	Searcy (Marshall)	34	21	13
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	53	25	28
	Area Total	593	294	299

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Total	Male	Female
6	Pulaski	142	60	82
6	Pulaski (East)	85	50	35
6	Pulaski (Jxvle)	117	64	53
6	Pulaski (North)	218	97	121
6	Pulaski (South)	335	172	163
6	Pulaski (SouthWest)	185	93	92
	Area Total	1,082	536	546
7	Bradley (Warren)	42	22	20
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	19	16	3
7	Cleveland (Rison)	11	5	6
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	24	11	13
7	Grant (Sheridan)	14	8	6
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	273	134	139
7	Lincoln (Star City)	25	9	16
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	81	35	46
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	4	0	4
	Area Total	493	240	253
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	42	22	20
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	184	92	92
8	Fulton (Salem)	41	13	28
8	Greene (Paragould)	112	43	69
8	Izard (Melbourne)	39	18	21
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	71	31	40
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	77	39	38
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	50	21	29
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	78	42	36
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	96	44	52
	Area Total	790	365	425
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	45	19	26
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	137	63	74
9	Cross (Wynne)	48	24	24
9	Independence (Batesville)	54	34	20
9	Jackson (Newport)	46	27	19
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	89	43	46
9	Stone (Mountain View)	25	14	11
9	White (Searcy)	157	81	76
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	12	6	6
	Area Total	613	311	302
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	14	4	10
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	32	16	16
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	48	23	25
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	24	15	9
10	Desha (McGehee)	59	23	36
10	Drew (Monticello)	90	44	46
10	Lee (Marianna)	5	1	4
10	Monroe (Brinkley, Clarendon)	22	11	11
10	Phillips (Helena)	64	21	43
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	78	39	39
	Area Total	436	197	239
99	State Office	3	2	1
	Statewide Total	6,809	3,352	3,457

APPENDIX E: Children in Foster Care by Lengths of Stay

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Client Total	Under 30 days	30-90 days	3-6 mos	7-12 mos	13-24 mos	25-36 mos	Over 36 mos
1	Benton (Bentonville)	309	83	66	38	45	33	18	26
1	Carroll (Berryville)	34	10	6	4	3	5	3	3
1	Madison (Huntsville)	23	2	1	1	1	8	9	1
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	260	65	24	29	55	46	17	24
	Area Total	626	160	97	72	104	92	47	54
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	116	33	14	11	13	25	7	13
2	Franklin (Ozark)	24	10	1	1	4	4	1	3
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	37	6	8	5	6	3	5	4
2	Logan (Paris, Booneville)	43	8	6	3	6	1	8	11
2	Scott (Waldron)	24	2	3	4	6	1	5	3
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	765	85	113	75	127	166	98	101
2	Yell (Danville)	43	3	12	2	13	8	3	2
	Area Total	1,052	147	157	101	175	208	127	137
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	38	12	5	2	8	4	4	3
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	203	33	35	29	30	32	21	23
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	52	21	4	6	6	14	1	0
3	Howard (Nashville)	45	7	4	3	4	6	7	14
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	19	6	4	3	0	3	3	0
3	Perry (Perryville)	20	11	1	0	5	0	3	0
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	30	17	3	1	3	4	0	2
3	Polk (Mena)	72	17	16	12	3	15	0	9
3	Saline (Benton)	101	38	10	10	13	8	6	16
	Area Total	580	162	82	66	72	86	45	67
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	38	18	11	0	0	1	4	4
4	Hempstead (Hope)	28	9	1	3	0	5	0	10
4	Lafayette (Lewistown)	23	14	1	1	0	4	1	2
4	Little River (Ashdown)	38	5	7	8	7	7	3	1
4	Miller (Texarkana)	175	58	25	24	25	23	2	18
4	Nevada (Prescott)	22	7	4	3	2	0	2	4
4	Ouachita (Camden)	86	41	8	7	6	5	7	12
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	32	6	12	9	2	2	0	1
4	Union (El Dorado)	99	44	20	17	4	9	1	4
	Area Total	541	202	89	72	46	56	20	56
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	87	18	20	17	4	12	4	12
5	Boone (Harrison)	49	12	1	5	9	12	3	7
5	Conway (Morrilton)	74	16	23	3	12	9	6	5
5	Faulkner (Conway)	126	39	18	10	13	26	9	11
5	Marion (Yellville)	44	3	11	2	5	10	7	6
5	Newton (Jasper)	13	0	0	0	2	4	2	5
5	Pope (Russellville)	113	13	15	13	21	23	16	12
5	Searcy (Marshall)	34	5	4	5	4	10	5	1
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	53	7	12	9	13	6	2	4
	Area Total	593	113	104	64	83	112	54	63

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	Client Total	Under 30 days	30-90 days	3-6 mos	7-12 mos	13-24 mos	25-36 mos	Over 36 mos
6	Pulaski	142	34	10	5	14	24	25	30
6	Pulaski (East)	85	4	5	4	21	17	10	24
6	Pulaski (Jxville)	117	10	7	27	21	16	13	23
6	Pulaski (North)	218	15	26	30	39	50	19	39
6	Pulaski (South)	335	63	50	42	45	53	28	54
6	Pulaski (SouthWest)	185	14	30	20	22	32	27	40
	Area Total	1,082	140	128	128	162	192	122	210
7	Bradley (Warren)	42	7	6	5	2	6	3	13
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	19	11	2	1	1	1	2	1
7	Cleveland (Rison)	11	5	0	0	5	1	0	0
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	24	5	5	6	1	3	1	3
7	Grant (Sheridan)	14	3	0	0	6	3	1	1
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	273	80	49	33	34	17	12	48
7	Lincoln (Star City)	25	8	3	2	0	8	2	2
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	81	10	23	10	9	15	3	11
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	4	0	2	0	1	1	0	0
	Area Total	493	129	90	57	59	55	24	79
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	42	6	4	8	5	11	6	2
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	184	30	36	34	33	31	7	13
8	Fulton (Salem)	41	3	8	7	7	6	6	4
8	Greene (Paragould)	112	31	13	12	19	30	4	3
8	Izard (Melbourne)	39	3	8	8	7	3	6	4
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	71	10	24	10	12	10	2	3
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	77	13	9	10	14	13	10	8
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	50	8	10	9	9	5	7	2
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	78	22	9	15	12	8	8	4
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	96	16	15	19	16	25	3	2
	Area Total	790	142	136	132	134	142	59	45
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	45	4	2	12	9	13	1	4
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	137	28	34	28	21	15	1	10
9	Cross (Wynne)	48	7	8	18	7	4	4	0
9	Independence (Batesville)	54	2	2	9	19	6	8	8
9	Jackson (Newport)	46	1	6	13	9	10	4	3
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	89	5	18	26	16	15	6	3
9	Stone (Mountain View)	25	2	3	13	0	0	0	7
9	White (Searcy)	157	46	18	19	32	19	10	13
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	12	3	2	0	4	2	1	0
	Area Total	613	98	93	138	117	84	35	48
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	14	7	0	4	0	0	2	1
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	32	13	11	4	3	0	1	0
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	48	22	9	3	5	0	4	5
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	24	7	3	0	7	2	1	4
10	Desha (McGehee)	59	16	6	8	6	7	4	12
10	Drew (Monticello)	90	15	9	2	13	10	7	34
10	Lee (Marianna)	5	0	0	0	1	1	0	3
10	Monroe (Brinkley, Clarendon)	22	4	0	2	6	3	3	4
10	Phillips (Helena)	64	2	6	17	11	12	9	7
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	78	6	17	16	3	16	3	17
	Area Total	436	92	61	56	55	51	34	87
99	State Office	3	2	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Statewide Total	6,809	1,387	1,038	886	1,007	1,078	567	846

APPENDIX F: Services Provided during the Year

Area	County	FC Cases	PS Cases	PS Children	SS Cases	SS Children	Total Cases
1	Benton (Bentonville)	309	472	1,158	2	5	783
1	Carroll (Berryville)	34	61	135	3	6	98
1	Madison (Huntsville)	23	52	120	2	7	77
1	Washington (Fayetteville)	260	591	1,409	37	78	888
	Area Total	626	1,176	2,822	44	96	1,846
2	Crawford (Van Buren)	116	203	438	1	1	320
2	Franklin (Ozark)	24	53	96	1	0	78
2	Johnson (Clarksville)	37	72	163	3	4	112
2	Logan (Booneville, Paris)	43	69	135	2	2	114
2	Scott (Waldron)	24	46	91	3	6	73
2	Sebastian (Fort Smith)	765	721	1,596	7	9	1,493
2	Yell (Danville)	43	78	159	2	3	123
	Area Total	1,052	1,242	2,678	19	25	2,313
3	Clark (Arkadelphia)	38	42	83	8	20	88
3	Garland (Hot Springs)	203	314	594	100	201	617
3	Hot Spring (Malvern)	52	97	195	20	40	169
3	Howard (Nashville)	45	51	100	0	0	96
3	Montgomery (Mount Ida)	19	22	50	5	9	46
3	Perry (Perryville)	20	43	92	9	16	72
3	Pike (Murfreesboro)	30	40	81	0	0	70
3	Polk (Mena)	72	68	180	28	57	168
3	Saline (Benton)	101	330	660	13	28	444
	Area Total	580	1,007	2,035	183	371	1,770
4	Columbia (Magnolia)	38	64	144	11	20	113
4	Hempstead (Hope)	28	80	179	24	62	132
4	Lafayette (Lewisville)	23	26	57	0	0	49
4	Little River (Ashdown)	38	43	90	1	4	82
4	Miller (Texarkana)	175	183	390	1	4	359
4	Nevada (Prescott)	22	43	80	2	6	67
4	Ouachita (Camden)	86	119	258	7	11	212
4	Sevier (DeQueen)	32	50	117	6	12	88
4	Union (El Dorado)	99	151	331	7	16	257
	Area Total	541	759	1,646	59	135	1,359
5	Baxter (Mountain Home)	87	158	325	2	5	247
5	Boone (Harrison)	49	127	298	6	9	182
5	Conway (Morrilton)	74	126	246	4	6	204
5	Faulkner (Conway)	126	288	596	9	19	423
5	Marion (Yellville)	44	65	139	2	3	111
5	Newton (Jasper)	13	16	33	4	11	33
5	Pope (Russellville)	113	198	430	19	37	330
5	Searcy (Marshall)	34	42	95	4	7	80
5	Van Buren (Clinton)	53	91	169	2	5	146
	Area Total	593	1,111	2,331	52	102	1,756

SFY 2006 Annual Report Card – APPENDICES

Area	County	FC Cases	PS Cases	PS Children	SS Cases	SS Children	Total Cases
6	Pulaski	142	372	852	88	180	602
6	Pulaski (East)	85	51	115	7	13	143
6	Pulaski (Jxvllle)	117	131	303	4	9	252
6	Pulaski (North)	218	176	400	27	44	421
6	Pulaski (South)	335	332	847	27	50	694
6	Pulaski (SouthWest)	185	130	298	11	12	326
	Area Total	1,082	1,192	2,815	164	308	2,438
7	Bradley (Warren)	42	34	64	9	19	85
7	Calhoun (Hampton)	19	28	76	0	0	47
7	Cleveland (Rison)	11	17	35	0	0	28
7	Dallas (Fordyce)	24	42	95	5	12	71
7	Grant (Sheridan)	14	32	60	25	49	71
7	Jefferson (Pine Bluff)	273	458	1,116	19	57	750
7	Lincoln (Star City)	25	30	64	3	4	58
7	Lonoke (Lonoke)	81	134	290	5	18	220
7	Prairie (DeValls Bluff)	4	19	38	0	0	23
	Area Total	493	794	1,838	66	159	1,353
8	Clay (Piggott & Corning)	42	61	124	2	4	105
8	Craighead (Jonesboro)	184	277	647	3	7	464
8	Fulton (Salem)	41	63	108	1	3	105
8	Greene (Paragould)	112	158	374	15	31	285
8	Izard (Melbourne)	39	65	136	2	5	106
8	Lawrence (Walnut Ridge)	71	72	158	3	3	146
8	Mississippi (Blytheville)	77	119	282	12	18	208
8	Mississippi (Osceola)	50	59	172	5	9	114
8	Randolph (Pocahontas)	78	89	204	4	6	171
8	Sharp (Ash Flat)	96	94	190	12	24	202
	Area Total	790	1,057	2,395	59	110	1,906
9	Cleburne (Heber Springs)	45	72	134	3	5	120
9	Crittenden (West Memphis)	137	152	336	11	15	300
9	Cross (Wynne)	48	62	139	1	1	111
9	Independence (Batesville)	54	98	199	4	8	156
9	Jackson (Newport)	46	79	140	0	0	125
9	Poinsett (Harrisburg)	89	119	296	10	17	218
9	Stone (Mountain View)	25	34	77	0	0	59
9	White (Searcy)	157	189	407	3	6	349
9	Woodruff (Augusta)	12	17	25	1	1	30
	Area Total	613	822	1,753	33	53	1,468
10	Arkansas (Dewitt)	14	37	73	3	7	54
10	Arkansas (Stuttgart)	32	40	99	2	4	74
10	Ashley (Hamburg)	48	60	118	13	28	121
10	Chicot (Lake Village)	24	27	46	10	18	61
10	Desha (McGehee)	59	57	112	11	19	127
10	Drew (Monticello)	90	86	176	25	34	201
10	Lee (Marianna)	5	27	65	6	14	38
10	Monroe (Brinkley, Clarendon)	22	43	102	9	20	74
10	Phillips (Helena)	64	130	387	7	20	201
10	St. Francis (Forrest City)	78	124	286	20	47	222
	Area Total	436	631	1,464	106	211	1,173
99	State Office	3	1	2	0	0	4
	Statewide Total	6,809	9,792	21,779	785	1,570	17,386